



Interim Report

as of 31 March 2007

Financial Highlights Ratings

Financial Highlights		1.1.–31.3.2007	1.1.–31.3.2006
Operating performance			
Net income/loss before taxes	in € million	172	141
Net income/loss ¹⁾	in € million	130	104
Earnings per share ¹⁾	in €	0.97	0.78
Key ratios			
Return on equity after taxes ¹⁾	in %	11.6	9.9
Cost-income ratio (based on operating revenues)	in %	30.2	31.0
Balance sheet figures			
Total assets	in € billion	164.8	161.6
Equity (excluding revaluation reserve)	in € billion	5.0	4.9
Key capital ratios compliant with BIS rules			
Core capital	in € billion	4.7	4.6 ²⁾
Equity funds	in € billion	6.6	6.6 ²⁾
Risk assets	in € billion	69.3	66.4
Core capital ratio	in %	6.7	7.0 ²⁾
Equity funds ratio	in %	8.9	9.3 ²⁾
Personnel			
Employees		1,234	1,229
Portfolio figures			
Volume of real estate financing ³⁾	in € billion	61.9	62.2
Volume of infrastructure and asset-based financing	in € billion	2.0	1.9
Volume of state financing	in € billion	53.9	55.0
		1.1.–31.3.2007	1.1.–31.3.2006
Volume of new business ⁴⁾	in € billion	6.5	5.2

¹⁾ Excluding the effects from capitalised losses carried forward and income of capitalised corporate income tax claims

²⁾ As per approved annual financial statements and after profit distribution

³⁾ Target business

⁴⁾ Real estate financing business and infrastructure/asset-based finance excluding off-balance-sheet-business

Ratings as of April 2007	Moody's			S&P			Fitch Ratings			DBRS		
	long-term	short-term	outlook	long-term	short-term	outlook	long-term	short-term	outlook	long-term	short-term	outlook
Hypo Real Estate Bank International	A2	P-1	Stable	A-	A-2	Stable	—			A	R-1 (low)	Stable
Hypo Real Estate Bank AG	A3	P-2	Stable	BBB+	A-2	Positive	A-	F-2	Stable	A	R-1 (low)	Stable
Hypo Public Finance Bank	A2	P-1	Stable	A-	A-2	Stable	—			A	R-1 (low)	Stable

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Due to rounding, numbers presented throughout this document may not add up precisely to the totals provided and percentages may not precisely reflect the absolute figures.

The previous year figures used in this report have been adjusted to the business segments Commercial Real Estate and Asset Finance & Asset Management segments which have been redefined as a result of the reorganisation of the Group.

Dear shareholders,

In the first quarter of this year, our Group has undertaken major steps in order to continue its story of success in the long term. In the course of the next few years, the Hypo Real Estate Group will gradually develop into an asset finance house with a broader earnings base, with a diversified risk profile and positioned in attractive growth markets.

We are ready to meet the challenges posed by a new phase in the development of our company. And as ever, we do not wish to lose any time in carrying out necessary strategic changes. This quarterly report has accordingly already been based on the new segment structure for our operations. This means in specific terms:

The segregation between domestic and international business in real estate financing has been discontinued, and a new reporting segment “Commercial Real Estate” has been introduced for worldwide real estate financing. This combination has taken place as a result of market demand, and accordingly we have again been able to significantly simplify our structures and provide support to our customers more efficiently.

We have also created a second segment entitled “Asset Finance & Asset Management“. This comprises asset-based finance transactions outside real estate financing, including Infrastructure Financing, Capital Markets and Asset Management.

This new segmentation is based on the following strategic decisions:

- **Diversification of asset classes:** In addition to providing finance for large-volume commercial real estate, Hypo Real Estate Group will increasingly extend its recognised ability to structure and manage complex asset-backed financing arrangements to cover other asset classes. We completed this step last year, with the entry of Hypo Public Finance Bank into infrastructure financing. We expect to encounter major growth opportunities in this particular field in the course of the next few years, in Europe and also in the USA.


- **Strengthening the distribution channels:** The distribution channels into the secondary markets will be established as the value driver of the Hypo Real Estate Group. The business principle of “buy-and-hold” will be complemented by the formula “buy-and-distribute”. Securitisation and syndication will play key roles in this aspect. The expansion of this off-balance-sheet business will enable us to reduce our balance sheet volume and thus make more efficient use of our shareholders’ equity. The distribution channels also include so-called warehouses in which portfolios are “parked” for onward placement purposes.
- **Expansion of Asset Management:** Hypo Real Estate Group has been successfully managing financing risks primarily backed by real estate as the underlying asset for third parties for a long time. This activity is a logical extension of our value creation chain. The combination of our core business of real estate financing with asset management, for instance, is extremely attractive. A good example in this respect is Quadra Realty Trust, a financing company for commercial real estate in the USA structured in the form of a REIT, which was launched on the New York Stock Exchange in the first quarter of 2007. The REIT is managed by our Group company Hypo Real Estate Capital Corporation. High-profile experts in this field with many years of experience for expanding this business have been signed up for our company.

In organisational terms, the strategic further development of the Group is accompanied by the introduction of central Group-wide active portfolio management, the purpose of which is to optimise the risk and earnings profile of the existing portfolio. The scene has been set in terms of personnel by the extension of the Holding’s Management Board to include a further three deputy members. On the capital side, we will increase our scope for taking action in the first half of this year by taking out hybrid capital for the first time, namely € 300 million to € 350 million. The development of business in the first three months of the current financial year also demonstrates that Hypo Real Estate Group is well equipped across all levels to meet the challenges posed by the new era. We are fully in line with our ambitious expectations in terms of new business and also in terms of results.

- With new business of € 6.5 billion in total for both new segments of the Group, the basis to achieve the full-year target of approx. € 25 billion has been established. An additional new business of € 1.2 billion will be attributable to securitisations and syndications.
- Consolidated net income before taxes in the first three months amounted to € 172 million, 22 % higher than the corresponding previous year figure (Q1 2006: € 141 million), and is thus slightly higher than the minimum pro-rata target. Operating revenues increased by 12 % to € 295 million, and were the basis of this good performance. In addition, provisions for losses on loans and advances also declined by € 9 million compared with the previous year quarter, namely to € 34 million. This provides further confirmation of the good portfolio quality and the risk-aware new business policy. General administrative expenses have increased by around 11 % to € 89 million as scheduled; because growth in operating revenues was comparatively stronger, the cost-income ratio declined to only 30.2 %.
- After the first quarter, with which we are very satisfied, Hypo Real Estate Group now has every opportunity of setting further records for result and return in 2007 – as announced. For the full year, we are still forecasting net income before taxes of at least € 680 million, which is equivalent to growth of around 20 % or more compared with the previous year figure of € 571 million. In terms of return on equity after taxes, we intend to be within the range of 11 % to 12%. After three months, return on equity was 11.6 %.

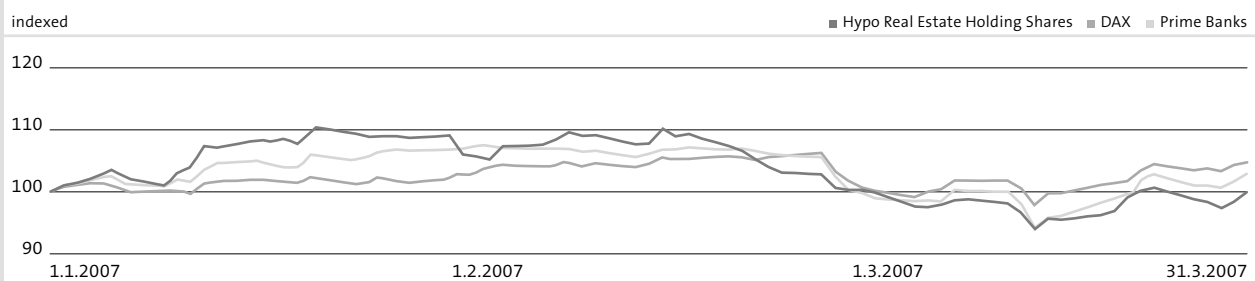
Our Group has now laid the foundation to considerably exceed the level of 13 % for return on equity starting in the year 2009. On the way to becoming a globally operating asset finance house, we will rely on those properties which were factors of success in the first phase of the Hypo Real Estate Group: Extensive knowledge of the markets, quality awareness, flexibility and implementation skills. These properties will continue to drive our actions in future.

Kind regards

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Georg Funke', written in a cursive style.

Georg Funke
CEO

Share price development in the first quarter 2007



Following a positive start to the year, the stock markets entered a brief but severe phase of consolidation towards the end of February. This was due mainly to fears that ballooning lending to US private clients with poor creditworthiness might have consequences for the overall economy and thus also the global economy. The scenario was also exacerbated by increasing geo-political tension and a further sharp increase in the price of oil in this context. The statements of the Federal Reserve in relation to further rate hikes were received positively by the market, resulting in the markets recovering rapidly towards the end of the quarter. Between January and March, the international benchmark index Dow Jones Industrial Average declined by 0.9 %, and the Euro STOXX 50 increased by 0.3 %. The Ger-

man DAX achieved a somewhat better performance, with growth of 4.9%. The Prime Banks subindex which is important for the shares recorded a slight increase of 0.3 %.

Hypo Real Estate shares also consolidated in this market environment. Following initial gains of more than 10 % on occasion, it closed at € 47.74 at the end of the quarter, which was precisely the same price seen at the end of 2006. The shares accordingly performed almost precisely in line with the indices, and outperformed the Dow Jones Industrial Average by 0.9 percentage points. Compared with the DAX and the Prime Banks subindex, the shares were slightly weaker (4.9 and 3.0 percentage points respectively).

Key facts about the Hypo Real Estate Holding Shares in the first quarter 2007

WKN ordinary shares		802 770
ISIN ordinary shares		DE 000 802 770 7
Number of listed shares	units	134,072,175
Number of ordinary shares as of 31.3.2007	units	134,072,175
Average number of listed shares in the first quarter 2007	units	134,072,175
Initial listing on 6.10.2003	in €	11.25
High Q1 ¹⁾	in €	52.80
Low Q1 ¹⁾	in €	44.77
Quarterly closing price ¹⁾	in €	47.74
Market capitalisation as of 31.3.2007	in € million	6,401
Earnings per share ²⁾	in €	0.97
Known shareholders with a stake of more than 3 %		Capital Research and Management Europacific Growth Fund

¹⁾ XETRA closing price of the Frankfurt stock exchange

²⁾ Excluding the effects from capitalised losses carried forward

Financial Review

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Macro-economic conditions

In the first quarter of 2007, the macro-economic situation in the Euro zone and in Germany was unexpectedly robust. The upswing was driven not only by a further rise in export demand (as was the case in 2006) but also by stronger domestic demand. In particular, the three percentage point increase in value-added tax in Germany at the beginning of 2007 has not resulted in the economy stalling which was feared in certain quarters. Inflation is currently within manageable limits in Germany and also throughout Europe. Hence, the response of the European Central Bank – a 25 basis points increase of key interest rates in mid-March – was also comparatively moderate.

Sector-specific conditions

Commercial Real Estate As a result of the strong real estate climate in many European markets, demand for real estate financing has strengthened appreciably, whereby particular mention has to be made in Germany in this respect. At the same time, there is also strong demand emanating from the growth markets of Asia, such as China and India. In the established markets such as Europe and the USA, demand is increasingly shifting to innovative and structured products with a capital market exit. In the emerging countries with strong demand, there is still a certain amount of backlog demand with regard to the legal and regulatory environment in certain cases; this is the reason why more complex financing products have so far only been used in exceptional cases in these markets.

Asset Finance & Asset Management There has been a considerable demand particularly in Europe in the field of infrastructure finance, and this is certainly due to the higher tax revenues of local authorities. However, the stronger demand has also resulted in further players entering the market. The strong interest in securitisation of loan receivables has resulted in increased demand for asset management of such products; in the past, only a few players have demonstrably been able to handle this demand.

Major events

Hypo Real Estate Group The strategic further development of the Group is being accompanied by changes in the composition of the Management Board of Hypo Real Estate Holding AG and in the Management Boards of some subsidiaries. These were announced on 29 January 2007.

Dr. Robert Grassinger was appointed as deputy member of the Management Board of the Holding with effect from 1 February 2007. Dr. Grassinger is responsible in the Holding for Group-wide funding of covered as well as uncovered issues (Pfandbriefe, lettre de gage, Jumbos and MTN issues) and interest scheduling for the bank book. Dr. Grassinger also stepped down from his position in the Management Board of Hypo Real Estate Bank International AG as of 31 January 2007 and was appointed as a member of the Management Board of Hypo Real Estate Bank AG and elected as board spokesman as of 1 February 2007.

Thomas Glynn was appointed as deputy member of the Management Board of the Holding as of 1 February 2007. He is responsible for Asset Management in the Group.

On 1 February 2007, Bettina von Oesterreich was appointed as deputy member of the Management Board of Hypo Real Estate Holding AG. She is responsible as Group Chief Risk Officer, with responsibility for Credit Risk Management.

Frank Lamby has assumed responsibility for the “Commercial Real Estate” segment in the Management Board of the Holding. He was also appointed as member of the Management Board of Hypo Real Estate Bank International AG and elected as board spokesman on 1 February. He stepped down from his position in the Management Board of Hypo Real Estate Bank AG on 31 January 2007, and was appointed to the Supervisory Board of the company on 1 February 2007.

On 31 March 2007, Manuela Better stepped down from her position on the Management Board of Hypo Real Estate Bank AG, and moved to the Management Board of Hypo Real Estate Bank International AG on 1 April 2007.

Harin Thaker was appointed as member of the Management Board of Hypo Real Estate Bank International AG on 1 February 2007.

On 31 March 2007, Manfred Weil stepped down from the Management Board of Hypo Real Estate Bank International AG.

Dr. Paul Eisele stepped down from his position as board spokesman of Hypo Real Estate Bank International AG on 31 January 2007, and also terminated his position on the Supervisory Board of Hypo Real Estate Bank AG on that date. He also stepped down as Chairman of Hypo Public Finance Bank on 31 January 2007, and this position was assumed by Georg Funke on 1 February 2007.

With effect from 31 January 2007, Robert Mundheim resigned from his position on the Supervisory Board following mutual agreement. He was appointed Chairman of the Board of Directors of Quadra Realty Trust, Inc, USA, on 21 February 2007.

Business segment Commercial Real Estate The activities of the former segments “Hypo Real Estate International” and “Hypo Real Estate Germany” were combined to form the new “Commercial Real Estate” segment on 1 January 2007; this new segment is now responsible for all activities in domestic and international commercial real estate financing.

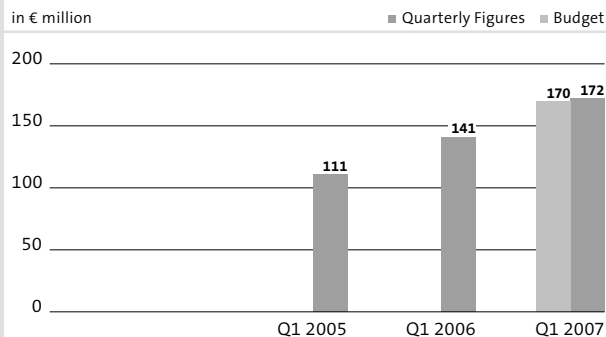
Business segment Asset Finance & Asset Management The business segment Asset Finance & Asset Management corresponds to the former segment Hypo Public Finance Bank. On 15 February 2007, Quadra Realty Trust, Inc., a Real Estate Investment Trust (REIT) initiated by Hypo Real Estate Capital Corporation, New York, was launched on the New York Stock Exchange. The initial issue comprises a volume of 16,670,000 shares, which achieved an initial price of 15 US\$. Quadra Realty Trust, Inc. is a commercial real estate financing enterprise which qualifies as a Real Estate Investment Trust (REIT) in accordance with US income tax law. The company is managed externally by Hypo Real Estate Capital Corporation, New York, a member of the Hypo Real Estate Group. Hypo Real Estate Capital Corporation, New York, held a 34.72 % stake in Quadra Realty Trust, Inc. on 31 March 2007.

Hypo Real Estate Group

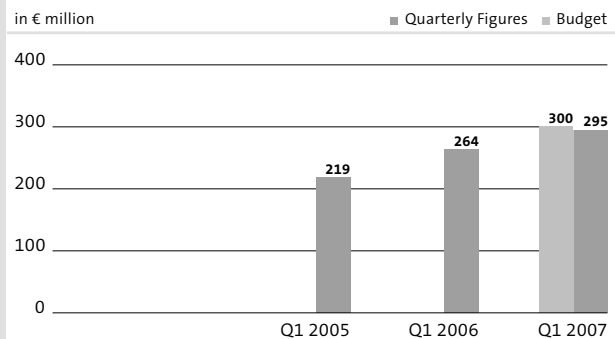
Development in earnings

The Hypo Real Estate Group has started the year 2007 with demanding targets and a new Group structure. A further year with strong growth rates and thus the continuation of the successful performance seen in recent years are expected for the Group. The Group has forecast net income before taxes of at least € 680 million, which is equivalent to growth of approx. 20 % or more compared with the previous year. Return on equity after taxes adjusted by the capitalised losses carried

Net income before taxes



Operating revenues



forward is expected to be between 11.0 % and 12.0 %. Operating revenues are forecast to rise to more than € 1.2 billion, provisions for losses on loans and advances should be roughly unchanged compared with the previous year figure, namely between € 150 million and € 160 million. A range of € 360 million to € 370 million has been defined for general administrative expenses. The target set for the volume of new business, which comprises not only real estate financing business but also infrastructure and asset-based financing, is more than € 25 billion.

Budget

		1.1.–31.3.2007	Budget 1/4 of 2007	Budget 2007
Operating performance				
Operating revenues	in € million	295	> 300	> 1,200
Provisions for losses on loans and advances	in € million	34	38 to 40	150 to 160
General administrative expenses	in € million	89	90 to 93	360 to 370
Net income/loss before taxes	in € million	172	> 170	> 680
Key ratio				
Return on equity after taxes ¹⁾	in %	11.6	—	11.0 to 12.0
Portfolio figure				
Volume of new business ²⁾	in € billion	6.5	> 6.3	> 25.0

¹⁾ Excluding the effects from capitalised losses carried forward

²⁾ Real estate financing business and infrastructure/asset-based finance excluding off-balance-sheet-business

Key Financials		1.1.–31.3.2007	1.1.–31.3.2006
Operating performance			
Operating revenues	in € million	295	264
Net interest income	in € million	217	197
Net commission income	in € million	42	34
Net trading income	in € million	15	11
Net income from investments	in € million	19	20
Balance of other operating income/expenses	in € million	2	2
Provisions for losses on loans and advances	in € million	34	43
General administrative expenses	in € million	89	80
Balance of other income/expenses	in € million	–	–
Net income/loss before taxes	in € million	172	141
Net income/loss ¹⁾	in € million	130	104
Key ratios			
Return on equity after taxes ²⁾	in %	11.6	9.9
Cost-income ratio (based on operating revenues)	in %	30.2	31.0
Key indicators			
Total volume of lending	in € billion	92.6	94.8
Risk assets compliant with BIS rules	in € billion	69.3	66.4
Core capital ratio compliant with BIS rules	in %	6.7	7.0 ²⁾
Employees		1,234	1,229
Volume of new business ³⁾	in € billion	6.5	5.2

¹⁾ Excluding the effects from capitalised losses carried forward and income of capitalised corporate income tax claims

²⁾ As per approved annual financial statements and after profit distribution

³⁾ Real estate financing business and infrastructure/asset-based finance excluding off-balance-sheet-business

The Hypo Real Estate Group has again met its ambitious target in the first quarter of 2007. With net income before taxes of € 172 million, the Hypo Real Estate Group was slightly ahead of its pro-rata minimum target of € 170 million. Return on equity after taxes (excluding the effects of capitalised losses carried forward) improved to 11.6 %, and has confirmed the full-year target of between 11.0 % and 12.0 %. Boosted by the strong new business of recent years and the first quarter of 2007, operating revenues continued to expand in the course of the quarter; they are reported as € 295 million for the first three months of 2007, and are thus slightly lower than the pro-rata target of min. € 300 million. This is

opposed by a particularly positive development in expense items. Additions to provisions for losses on loans and advances amounted to € 34 million, considerably lower than the relevant target range; general administrative expenses of € 89 million were slightly lower than the target range. The volume of new business is stated as € 6.5 billion, and is thus higher than the pro-rata target of min. € 6.3 billion. In addition, a volume of € 1.2 billion was originated for securitisation and syndication.

Compared with the first quarter of the previous year, the development in earnings at the Hypo Real Estate Group has been as follows:

Operating revenues Operating revenues increased strongly from € 264 million in the corresponding previous year quarter to € 295 million (+ 11.7 %). This increase reflects mainly the successful new business of the previous year and the lending of the current year. In addition, the expansion of new sources of revenues in the Asset Finance & Asset Management segment has made a major contribution to growth, thus underlining the successful diversification strategy. The increase in operating revenues is attributable to net interest income, net commission income, as well as net trading income. Net interest income, for instance, is reported as € 217 million compared with € 197 million in the first quarter of 2006. The main reasons for this growth are the increased lending portfolio and the successful establishment of off-balance-sheet business (securitisations and syndications). Net commission income increased from € 34 million compared with the previous year, to € 42 million. This is also a reflection of the strong new business. The strong increase in assets under management and the revenues of managing the Real Estate Investment Trust, Quadra Realty Trust, Inc., New York, have also had a positive impact in this respect. Net trading income of € 15 million (Q1 2006: € 11 million) reflect the successful activities of the Asset Finance & Asset Management segment. Boosted by an increase in the volume of trading and a positive market development, the result of trading with interest and credit risk instruments has increased in particular. Net income from investments amounted to € 19 million, compared with € 20 million in the previous year; capital gains have been realised in view of continuing favourable market conditions. As was the case in the equivalent previous year period, the balance of other operating income/expenses amounted to € 2 million.

Provisions for losses on loans and advances Additions to provisions for losses on loans and advances amounted to € 34 million, € 9 million lower than in the corresponding previous year period (€ 43 million). The decline reflects the good portfolio quality and the risk-aware new business policy.

Net interest income after provisions for losses on loans and advances totalled € 183 million, compared with € 154 million in the previous year period.

General administrative expenses General administrative expenses have increased to € 89 million, compared with € 80 million in the previous year. This scheduled increase is attributable to the further expansion in commercial real estate financing and also the expansion of further sources of revenues, such as securitisation, Asset Management or asset-based and infrastructure financing. Because operating revenues increased to a greater extent, the cost-income ratio improved considerably to 30.2 % compared with 31.0 % in the previous year.

Balance of other income/expenses As was the case in the first quarter of the previous year, the Group did not have any other income and expenses.

Net income before taxes Net income before taxes for the quarter amounted to € 172 million, an increase of € 31 million (22.0 %) compared with the previous year (Q1 2006: € 141 million). The increase in net income before taxes mainly reflects the positive development in operating profitability and the decline in provisions for losses on loans and advances.

Net income After taxes of € 42 million – excluding the deferred tax expense of € 23 million attributable to capitalised losses carried forward (Q1 2006: € 14 million) – net income for the first quarter of 2007 amounted to € 130 million, compared with € 104 million in the corresponding previous year quarter. This is equivalent to an improved return on equity of 11.6 %, compared with 9.9 % in 2006. Including the effects of capitalised losses carried forward, net income amounted to € 107 million (Q1 2006: € 90 million).

Of this figure, € 107 million is attributable to the shareholders. There are no minority interests.

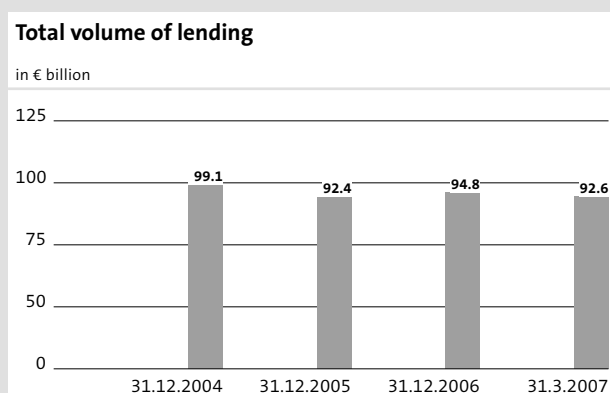
Development in assets

Total assets of the Hypo Real Estate Group amounted to € 164.8 billion as of 31 March 2007, compared with € 161.6 billion as of 31 December 2006. The Hypo Real Estate Group did not have any available-for-sale non-current assets as of the balance sheet dates.

Loans declined by € 1.8 billion as of 31 March 2007 compared with the end of the previous year. In line with overall strategy, municipal loans declined strongly, whereas real estate financing remained almost constant. The increase in trading activities at Hypo Public Finance Bank has resulted in higher trading assets (+ € 2.0 billion). Within assets held for trading purposes, the main increase was seen in the volume of bonds and other fixed-income securities. Investments increased by € 2.5 billion to € 43.7 billion.

The contingent liabilities which are attributable to the total volume of lending amounted to € 1.3 billion (31 December 2006: € 1.7 billion).

Total volume of lending is stated as € 92.6 billion as of 31 March 2007, compared with € 94.8 billion at the end of 2006.



Loan portfolio development The loan portfolio, which compared with the total volume of lending used in accounting also includes loan commitments and securities in the following, and which is used as the basis for Group management, amounted to € 132.2 billion as of 31 March 2007 (€ 120.8 billion paid out of this figure). The total loan portfolio, after maturities and repayments, declined by € 1.3 billion compared with 31 December 2006. The decline is attributable to the streamlining of municipal financing in line with overall strategy (this item declined by € 1.1 billion to € 53.9 billion). Also in line with overall strategy, the non-target portfolio of Hypo Real Estate

Bank AG declined by € 0.5 billion to € 10.7 billion. In target business, inflows and outflows were essentially in equilibrium and the portfolio volume decreased slightly. Target real estate financing business decreased slightly by € 0.3 billion to € 61.9 billion (€ 51.4 billion paid out of this figure, compared with € 50.6 billion as of 31 December 2006). Infrastructure and asset-based financing increased slightly by € 0.1 billion to € 2.0 billion. The remaining portfolio of the business segment Asset Finance & Asset Management segment increased by € 0.5 billion to € 3.7 billion.

New-business production for target real estate financing business and infrastructure and asset-based financing amounted to € 6.5 billion. The volume of new business was not only higher than the corresponding figure of € 5.2 billion for the first quarter of 2006; it was also higher than the pro-rata target of € 6.3 billion. Target real estate financing business accounted for € 6.2 billion (Q1 2006: € 5.2 billion) and infrastructure and asset-based financing, which only started in mid-2006, accounted for € 0.3 billion. Additional off-balance-sheet business (securitisations and syndications) amounted to € 1.2 billion in the first quarter of 2007.

Development in the financial position

The capital structure of the Hypo Real Estate Group as of 31 March 2007 is still sound; all current obligations have been met. The maturity structure of liabilities is also balanced.

Total Group liabilities amounted to € 161.4 billion at the end of the quarter, compared with € 158.1 billion as of 31 December 2006. The increased refinancing requirement is reflected in an increase of € 2.1 billion in securitised liabilities and an increase of € 0.7 billion in deposits from other banks and amounts owed to other customers. As a result of the expansion in trading activities, trade liabilities also increased by € 0.5 billion.

The diversification strategy was continued consistently in the first quarter of 2007 as part of the process of refinancing the Hypo Real Estate Group. In addition to the traditional issue programmes, the newly established

programmes were extended further for long-term refinancing. Overall, in the first quarter of 2007, Hypo Real Estate Bank AG, Hypo Real Estate Bank International AG and Hypo Public Finance Bank placed uncovered more than € 3.5 billion with private German and international investors.

In February 2007, these private placings were complemented by a benchmark transaction of Hypo Real Estate Bank AG for € 1.5 billion with a term of three years. The senior unsecured transaction was successfully placed on the market within hours. 51% of investors came from other European and Asian countries.

Hypo Pfandbrief Bank International, a subsidiary of Hypo Public Finance Bank, issued a total of € 600 million Lettres de Gage in the first three months of this year from Luxembourg. The outstanding volume of Lettres de Gage, the equivalent of the Pfandbrief in Luxembourg, thus amounted to € 6.8 billion.

The investor base in the field of short-term refinancing was also further diversified. For instance, new investor groups in the USA were reached with the newly established US Commercial Paper programme of Hypo Real Estate Bank International AG (issue volume in the first quarter of 2007: € 1.1 billion). The established European Commercial Paper programmes of Hypo Real Estate Bank AG, Hypo Real Estate Bank International AG and Hypo Public Finance Bank were complemented by repo transactions and further money market and treasury activities.

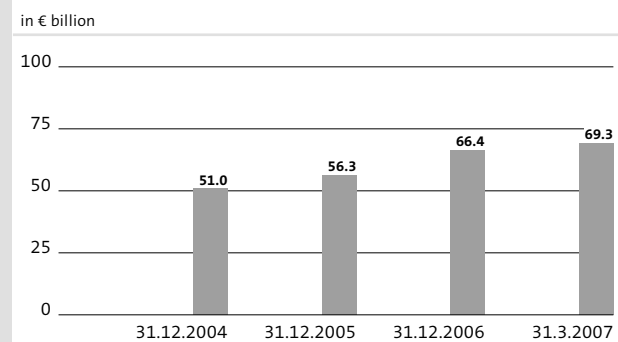
Overall, the balanced refinancing structure was further expanded with a mix of short-term and long-term funding, thus enabling lending business to be funded on a competitive basis.

Equity (excl. revaluation reserve) amounted to € 5.0 billion as of 31 March 2007 compared with € 4.9 billion at the end of last year. The AfS reserve and cash flow hedge reserve have been disregarded for the purpose of calculating return on equity.

Regulatory indicators compliant with BIS rules¹⁾ The Hypo Real Estate Group also reports sound capitalisation as of 31 March 2007 for bank regulatory purposes (in accordance with BIS). Core capital increased to € 4.7 billion compared with € 4.6 billion at the end of 2006; supplementary capital was unchanged at € 2.0 billion (31 December 2006: € 2.0 billion). Overall, equity funds were thus unchanged at around € 6.6 billion, as was the case at the end of 2006. There was no tier-III capital as of the reporting dates. Risk assets have increased since the beginning of the year by € 2.9 billion to € 69.3 billion as a result of the strong new business.

The core capital ratio is 6.7%, compared with 7.0% as of 31 December 2006; the equity ratio is 8.9%, compared with 9.3%.

Risk assets with BIS rules



Liquidity A bank's liquidity is evaluated using the liquidity ratio defined in Principle II of the German banking supervisory regulations. This figure is the ratio of cash and cash equivalents available within a month to the payment obligations falling due in this period. Liquidity is considered adequate if the ratio is at least 1.0. At Hypo Real Estate Bank AG, the ratio was 1.58 as of 31 March 2007 (31.12.2006: 2.08). For Hypo Real Estate Bank International AG, the figure was 1.63 as of 31 March 2007 (31.12.2006: 1.52).

¹⁾ The BIS ratios have been calculated independently on a voluntary basis.

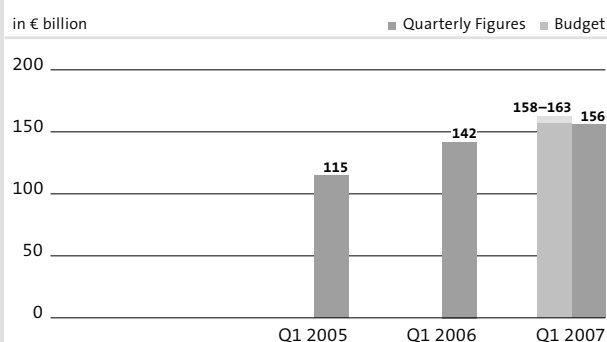
Business segment Commercial Real Estate

Developments in earnings

Since the beginning of 2007, the previous segments Hypo Real Estate International and Hypo Real Estate Germany have been combined into the Commercial Real Estate segment. The new Commercial Real Estate reporting segment thus comprises mainly the domestic and international business in commercial real estate financing. Public sector financing is also included in this segment. The annual target for net income before taxes is a range of € 630 million to € 650 million, combined with a target return after taxes of more than 12.0%. New real estate financing business is expected to be more than € 22 billion.

In the first quarter of 2007, the Commercial Real Estate segment reported net income before taxes of € 156 million, which was slightly lower than the pro-rata target range of € 158 million to € 163 million. As a result of expanding business, experience has shown that the first quarter is lower than the average for the year. Compared with the corresponding previous year period, net income before taxes improved by 9.9% (Q1 2006: € 142 million).

Net income before taxes



After taxes of € 36 million (excluding a deferred tax expense from capitalised losses carried forward of € 23 million), net income is reported as € 120 million (Q1 2006: € 107 million), resulting in a further improvement in return on equity of 11.6% (2006: 10.8%). New real estate financing business of € 6.2 billion was considerably higher than the pro-rata minimum target of € 5.5 billion. Furthermore, off-balance-sheet business of € 1.2 billion was acquired.

Budget		1.1.–31.3.2007	Budget 1/4 of 2007	Budget 2007
Operating performance				
Net income/loss before taxes	in € million	156	158 to 163	630 to 650
Key ratio				
Return on equity after taxes ¹⁾	in %	11.6	—	> 12.0
Portfolio figure				
Volume of new business ²⁾	in € billion	6.2	> 5.5	> 22.0

¹⁾ Excluding the effects from capitalised losses carried forward

²⁾ Real estate financing business excluding off-balance-sheet-business

Key Financials		1.1.–31.3.2007	1.1.–31.3.2006
Operating performance			
Operating revenues	in € million	254	247
Net interest income	in € million	201	195
Net commission income	in € million	35	32
Net trading income	in € million	—	—
Net income from investments	in € million	16	19
Balance of other operating income/expenses	in € million	2	1
Provisions for losses on loans and advances	in € million	33	43
General administrative expenses	in € million	65	62
Balance of other income/expenses	in € million	—	—
Net income/loss before taxes	in € million	156	142
Net income/loss ³⁾	in € million	120	107
Key ratios		1.1.–31.3.2007	1.1.–31.12.2006
Return on equity after taxes ²⁾	in %	11.6	10.8
Cost-income ratio (based on operating revenues)	in %	25.6	25.6
Key indicators		31.3.2007	31.12.2006
Total volume of lending	in € billion	88.4	90.1
Risk assets compliant with BIS rules	in € billion	63.7	62.1
Core capital ratio compliant with BIS rules	in %	6.6	6.7 ²⁾
Employees		966	980
		1.1.–31.3.2007	1.1.–31.3.2006
Volume of new business ³⁾	in € billion	6.2	5.2

³⁾ Excluding the effects from capitalised losses carried forward and income of capitalised corporate income tax claims

²⁾ As per approved annual financial statements

³⁾ Real estate financing business excluding off-balance-sheet-business

Compared with the previous year, operating revenues in the segment increased from € 247 million to € 254 million. This positive development is mainly reflected in net interest income, which benefited from the increase in the real estate financing portfolio and amounted to € 201 million (compared with € 195 million in the previous year). As was the case in the previous year, net interest income includes premature repayment fees and income from the sale of bonded

loans. As a result of the stronger volume of new business, net commission income of € 35 million was higher than the corresponding previous year figure (€ 32 million). Net income from investments in the segment amounted to € 16 million, somewhat lower than in the corresponding previous year quarter (€ 19 million); favourable market conditions were utilised and capital gains were realised as a result of re-allocating securities.

Additions to provisions for losses on loans and advances amounted to € 33 million and, despite the increase in the real estate financing portfolio, were thus € 10 million lower than in the previous year (€ 43 million). This reduction reflects the positive development in portfolio quality.

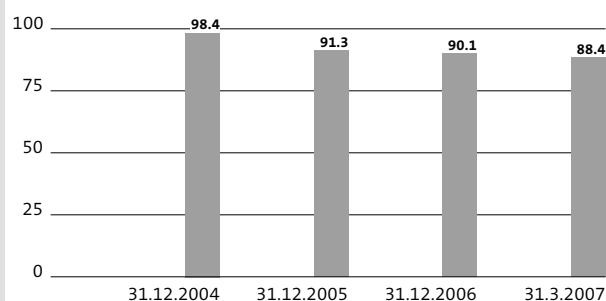
Because of the international expansion of business, general administrative expenses increased from € 62 million last year to € 65 million. Because operating revenues increased to the same extent as general administrative expenses, the cost-income ratio remained at the low level of 25.6 %, as was the case in 2006.

Development in assets

As of 31 March 2007, total assets amounted to € 136.0 billion, compared with € 135.2 billion at the end of the previous year. The total volume of lending declined from € 90.1 billion to € 88.4 billion. As a result of repayments, loans declined by € 1.3 billion to € 87.2 billion. The contingent liabilities attributable to the total volume of lending amounted to € 1.2 billion compared with € 1.7 billion as of 31 December 2006. Compared with the end of last year, the contingent liabilities comprised the guarantee obligations of Hypo Real Estate Bank International of € 0.4 billion with regard to HVB AG (a further reduction); these were provided as part of the synthetic transfer of the real estate financing portfolio “Western Europe”.

Total volume of lending

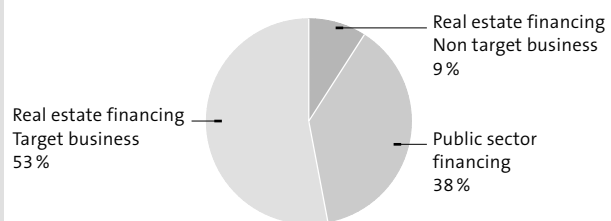
in € billion



Loan portfolio development The loan portfolio, which compared with the total volume of lending used in accounting also includes loan commitments and securities in the following, and which is also used as the basis for Group management, amounted to € 116.8 billion as of 31 March 2006, compared with € 119.6 billion as of 31 December 2006. Target real estate financing business decreased slightly by € 0.3 billion to € 61.9 billion. Of this figure, € 51.4 billion has been paid out (31 December 2006: € 50.6 billion). In line with overall strategy, the non-target portfolio of real estate financing (€ 10.7 billion compared with € 11.2 billion as of 31 December 2006) and public sector financing (€ 44.2 billion compared with € 46.2 billion as of 31 December 2006) were reduced.

Breakdown of the loan portfolio

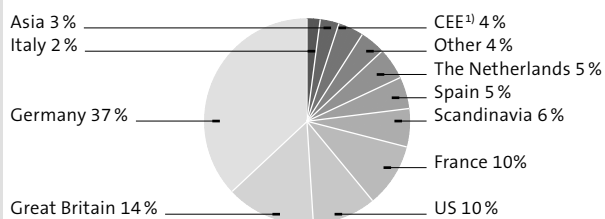
as of 31.3.2007



Of the overall target real estate financing portfolio, Europe accounts for 79 %, primarily Germany, Great Britain, France and Scandinavia. America and Asia account for 13 %. In the portfolio break-down based on financed property types, office buildings and retail premises as well as commercial housing are predominant (in line with overall strategy).

Real estate financing portfolio target business by regions

as of 31.3.2007

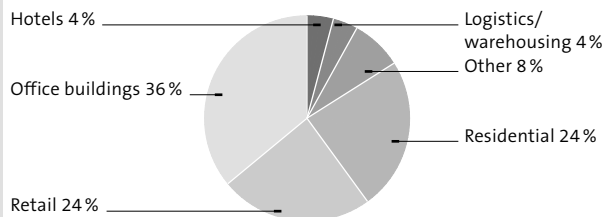


¹⁾ The CEE mainly comprises Hungary, Poland and the Czech Republic.

The acquired new volume of business for real estate financing with professional investors and developers amounted to € 6.2 billion last quarter, and is thus higher than the corresponding previous year period (€ 5.2 billion). The performance of business in Germany has been particularly positive in this respect, but growth was also continued in most other regions. New commitments were made without compromising the strict requirements regarding risk and return, and thus will continue to ensure high portfolio quality in the long term. Spread over all new real estate financing transactions, the average return has been more than 13 % after tax.

Real estate financing portfolio target business by type of property

as of 31.3.2007



Development in the financial position

The total liabilities in the Hypo Real Estate International segment increased from € 132.1 billion as of 31 December 2006 to € 132.8 billion as of 31 March 2007.

Commercial Real Estate – Germany

Key Financials		1.1.–31.3.2007	1.1.–31.3.2006
Operating performance			
Operating revenues	in € million	59	45
Net interest income	in € million	53	43
Net commission income	in € million	6	2
Net trading income	in € million	—	—
Net income from investments	in € million	—	—
Balance of other operating income/expenses	in € million	—	—
Expected loss	in € million	17	14
General administrative expenses	in € million	12	11
Balance of other income/expenses	in € million	—	—
Net income/loss before taxes	in € million	30	20
Key indicators		31.3.2007	31.12.2006
Risk assets compliant with BIS rules	in € billion	17.8	15.7
Volume of real estate financing ¹⁾	in € billion	24.2	23.2
		1.1.–31.3.2007	1.1.–31.3.2006
Volume of new business ²⁾	in € billion	2.2	1.4

¹⁾ Target business

²⁾ Real estate financing business excluding off-balance-sheet-business

The commercial real estate Germany platform comprises the German target real estate financing business of € 24.2 billion as of 31 March 2007. On the other hand, public sector financing and the non-target portfolio of German real estate financing are shown in the Commercial Real Estate segment under “other/consolidation”. Net income before taxes of the platform increased appreciably from € 20 million in the first quarter of 2006 to € 30 million in the first quarter of 2007. This positive development has resulted from an increase in operating revenues, accompanied by an only moderate increase in expenses. The € 14 million increase in operating revenues to € 59 million is essentially attributable to the increase in net interest income to € 53 million (Q1 2006: € 43 million). Net interest income is benefiting mainly from the rise in new business, as a result of which the portfolio volume has increased to € 24.2 billion. The increase in net commission income is also attributable to the stronger new business and

business with customer derivatives. General administrative expenses of € 12 million are virtually unchanged compared with the previous year, and demonstrate the further increase in the efficiency of the platform. The expected loss remained at a relatively low level, namely € 17 million, as a result of the good portfolio quality (Q1 2006: € 14 million).

Commercial Real Estate – Europe

Key Financials		1.1.–31.3.2007	1.1.–31.3.2006
Operating performance			
Operating revenues	in € million	98	84
Net interest income	in € million	82	68
Net commission income	in € million	15	15
Net trading income	in € million	—	—
Net income from investments	in € million	—	—
Balance of other operating income/expenses	in € million	1	1
Expected loss	in € million	16	16
General administrative expenses	in € million	22	20
Balance of other income/expenses	in € million	—	—
Net income/loss before taxes	in € million	60	48
Key indicators		31.3.2007	31.12.2006
Risk assets compliant with BIS rules	in € billion	25.5	26.6
Volume of real estate financing	in € billion	30.3	31.3
		1.1.–31.3.2007	1.1.–31.3.2006
Volume of new business ¹⁾	in € billion	2.7	2.9

¹⁾ Real estate financing business excluding off-balance-sheet-business

The commercial real estate Europe platform comprises the European real estate financing business of € 30.3 billion as of 31 March 2007. Net income before taxes of the platform increased strongly from € 48 million to € 60 million. As a result of the € 14 million increase in net interest income, operating revenues improved from € 84 million to € 98 million. This positive development is mainly attributable to the constantly high volume of new business, which has resulted in the portfolio increasing, not in comparison with the end of last year, but in comparison with the situation as of 31 March 2006. The expected loss remained constant compared with the previous year quarter, despite the higher loan portfolio and with reference to the reduced risk profile of the new business from the year 2006. The slightly increased general administrative expenses are attributable to the higher market penetration.

Commercial Real Estate – America

Key Financials		1.1.–31.3.2007	1.1.–31.3.2006
Operating performance			
Operating revenues	in € million	38	37
Net interest income	in € million	25	28
Net commission income	in € million	12	9
Net trading income	in € million	—	—
Net income from investments	in € million	—	—
Balance of other operating income/expenses	in € million	1	—
Expected loss	in € million	2	2
General administrative expenses	in € million	10	9
Balance of other income/expenses	in € million	—	—
Net income/loss before taxes	in € million	26	26
Key indicators			
Risk assets compliant with BIS rules	in € billion	4.6	4.8
Volume of real estate financing	in € billion	5.7	6.2
		31.3.2007	31.12.2006
Volume of new business ¹⁾	in € billion	0.8	0.7
		1.1.–31.3.2007	1.1.–31.3.2006

¹⁾ Real estate financing business excluding off-balance-sheet-business

The commercial real estate America platform comprises the US real estate financing business of € 5.7 billion as of 31 March 2007. From this portfolio, the platform generated net income before taxes of € 26 million in the first quarter of 2007, which was unchanged compared with the previous year quarter. The individual items are also showing relatively constant development. Operating revenues increased by € 1 million to € 38 million as of 31 March 2007. Higher net commission income compensated for the decline in net interest income. The constantly low expected loss, namely € 2 million, confirms the high portfolio quality. The platform is benefiting from the fact that it correctly anticipated the economic slowdown on the US market for domestic buildings. The volume of new business is slightly higher than the corresponding previous year period.

Commercial Real Estate – Asia

Key Financials		1.1.–31.3.2007	1.1.–31.3.2006
Operating performance			
Operating revenues	in € million	7	5
Net interest income	in € million	5	4
Net commission income	in € million	2	1
Net trading income	in € million	—	—
Net income from investments	in € million	—	—
Balance of other operating income/expenses	in € million	—	—
Expected loss	in € million	1	1
General administrative expenses	in € million	3	3
Balance of other income/expenses	in € million	—	—
Net income/loss before taxes	in € million	3	1
Key indicators		31.3.2007	31.12.2006
Risk assets compliant with BIS rules	in € billion	1.6	1.4
Volume of real estate financing	in € billion	1.7	1.5
		1.1.–31.3.2007	1.1.–31.3.2006
Volume of new business ¹⁾	in € billion	0.5	0.2

¹⁾ Real estate financing business excluding off-balance-sheet-business

The commercial real estate Asia platform comprises the Asian real estate financing business of € 1.7 billion as of 31 March 2007. With this platform, the Hypo Real Estate Group is continuing its strategy of expansion and is investing in moving markets of the future, which has also been demonstrated by the opening of the subsidiaries in India and Singapore during 2006. Net income before taxes in the platform increased by € 2 million to € 3 million. The increase in operating revenues is attributable to higher net interest income and net commission income. Net interest income is benefiting from portfolio growth, and net commission income is benefiting from stronger new business. Expected loss and general administrative expenses are unchanged compared with the previous year.

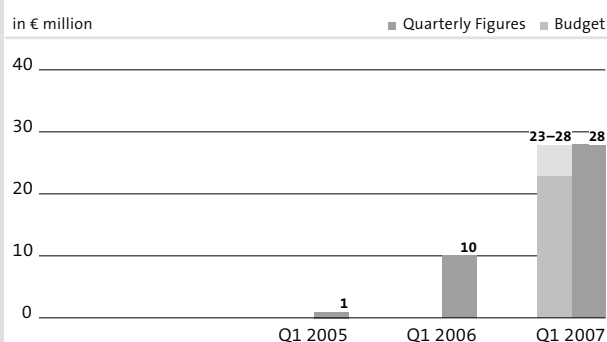
Business segment Asset Finance & Asset Management

Development in earnings

Since the beginning of the year, asset-based finance business outside real estate financing, capital markets activities including securitisation and asset management have been combined in the Asset Finance & Asset Management (formerly: Hypo Public Finance Bank). For this segment, the Group aims to achieve net income before taxes of between € 90 million and € 110 million for the current financial year. Return on equity after taxes is expected to be between 14.0 % and 15.0 %. The volume of new business for infrastructure and asset-based financing is expected to be more than € 3.0 billion.

The Asset Finance & Asset Management segment has made a very positive start to 2007. With net income before taxes of € 28 million in the first quarter of 2007, the Asset Finance & Asset Management segment was at the upper end of the pro-rata target range of € 23 million to € 28 million. Compared with the previous year quarter (Q1 2006: € 10 million), net income before taxes almost tripled. After taxes of € 6 million, net income for the segment was € 22 million (Q1 2006: € 8 million). This has resulted in a further improved return of 15.6 % after taxes (2006: 10.8 %). The volume of new business for infrastructure and asset-based financing was € 0.3 billion, and is thus lower than the pro-rata target.

Net income before taxes



Operating revenues of € 45 million continued the successful performance of last year, and more than doubled compared with the first quarter of 2006 (€ 21 million). This positive performance is reflected in all main types of revenue. Accordingly, net interest income increased from € 7 million in the first quarter of 2006 to € 20 million. The increase in net interest income is attributable to the growth of the portfolio volume, in which infrastructure and asset-based financing are becoming increasingly significant. The process of setting up securitisation business is also having a positive effect. Net commission income in the first three months of this

Budget		1.1.–31.3.2007	Budget 1/4 of 2007	Budget 2007
Operating performance				
Net income/loss before taxes	in € million	28	23 to 28	90 to 110
Key ratio				
Return on equity after taxes	in %	15.6	—	14.0 to 15.0
Portfolio figure				
Volume of new business ¹⁾	in € billion	0.3	> 0.8	> 3.0

¹⁾ Infrastructure/asset-based finance

Key Financials			
		1.1.–31.3.2007	1.1.–31.3.2006
Operating performance			
Operating revenues	in € million	45	21
Net interest income	in € million	20	7
Net commission income	in € million	7	2
Net trading income	in € million	15	11
Net income from investments	in € million	3	1
Balance of other operating income/expenses	in € million	—	—
Provisions for losses on loans and advances	in € million	1	—
General administrative expenses	in € million	16	11
Balance of other income/expenses	in € million	—	—
Net income/loss before taxes	in € million	28	10
Net income/loss	in € million	22	8
Key ratios		1.1.–31.3.2007	1.1.–31.12.2006
Return on equity after taxes	in %	15.6	9.7
Cost-income ratio (based on operating revenues)	in %	35.6	47.9
Key indicators		31.3.2007	31.12.2006
Total volume of lending	in € billion	4.7	5.2
Risk assets compliant with BIS rules	in € billion	5.9	4.3
Core capital ratio compliant with BIS rules	in %	6.3	8.4 ¹⁾
Employees		180	167
		1.1.–31.3.2007	1.1.–31.3.2006
Volume of new business ²⁾	in € billion	0.3	—

¹⁾ As per approved annual financial statements

²⁾ Infrastructure/asset-based finance

year amounted to € 7 million compared with € 2 million in the previous year quarter. This was attributable mainly to the much stronger asset management business. Net trading income improved by € 4 million to € 15 million (Q1 2006: € 11 million). This increase is attributable mainly to the expansion of the trading volume in securities and credit derivatives and the positive performance of the markets. The segment has benefited from increasing demand for structured and customised derivatives and financial products used by customers for managing interest, currency and credit risks.

Additions to provisions for losses on loans and advances of € 1 million for the reporting period exclusively comprised additions to portfolio-based allowances, and resulted from the portfolio growth in previous periods.

General administrative expenses increased from € 11 million in the first quarter of 2006 to € 16 million, and this is attributable to the expanded volume of business. Due to the much stronger growth in operating revenues, the cost-income ratio improved to 35.6 % (2006: 47.9 %), and reflects the much improved efficiency.

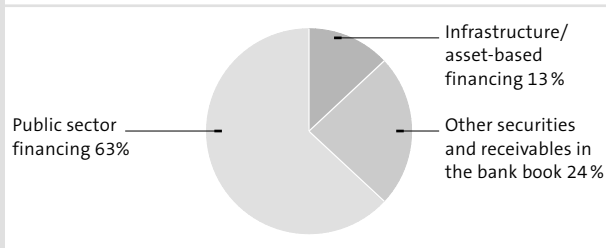
Development in assets

Assets in the Asset Finance & Asset Management segment increased by € 3.0 billion compared with the previous year period, to € 31.4 billion (31 December 2006: € 28.4 billion) and thus reflects the dynamic performance. As a result of overall business, assets consist to a large extent of trading assets. In 2006, trading activities expanded further, resulting in assets held for trading purposes increasing to € 13.6 billion (+ € 2.0 billion).

Loan portfolio development The loan portfolio, which compared with the total volume of lending used in accounting also included loan commitments and securities in the following, and which is also used as the basis for management, amounted to € 15.4 billion as of 31 March 2007 (31 December 2006: € 13.9 billion). Of this figure, € 15.0 billion has already been paid out. The portfolio consists of infrastructure and asset-based financing of € 2.0 billion (31 December 2006: € 1.9 billion), public finance incl. bonds and debt instruments of the subsidiary banks Hypo Public Finance Bank, Dublin, and Hypo Pfandbrief Bank International (HPBI) of € 9.7 billion (31 December 2006: € 8.8 billion) as well as other securities and receivables in the bank book of € 3.7 billion (31 December 2006: € 3.2 billion).

Loan portfolio

as of 31.3.2007

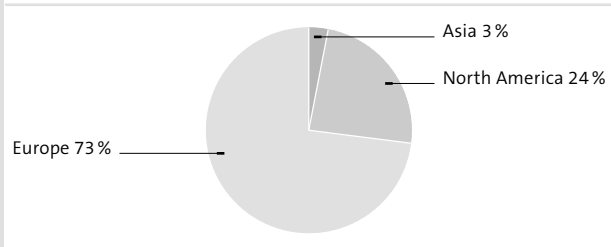


The regional break-down of the loan portfolio is as follows: Europe (73%), mainly Germany, Austria, Spain and Italy, as well as North America (24%) and Asia (3%). The portfolio breakdown according to customers and issuers is dominated by public institutions (33%) and financial institutes (40%).

The acquired new volume of business in the infrastructure and asset-based financing segment amounted to € 0.3 billion in the first quarter of 2007.

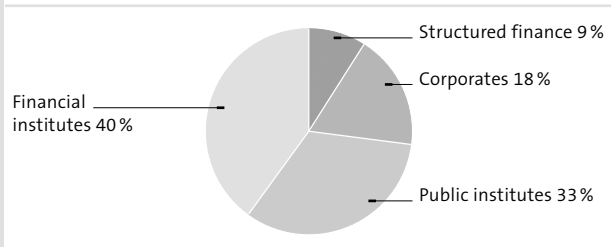
Real estate financing portfolio by region

as of 31.3.2007



Loan portfolio by customers and counterparties

as of 31.3.2007



Development in the financial position

The total liabilities of the segment Asset Finance & Asset Management increased to € 30.8 million as of 31 March 2007 (31 December 2006: € 27.8 million). The focus on capital market business is also shown in liabilities held for trading purposes (+ € 0.5 billion). In addition, the rapidly expanding business has also resulted in a higher refinancing requirement. This is the main reason why promissory notes and other liabilities evidenced by securities have increased considerably compared with 31 December 2006.

Asset Finance & Asset Management – Capital Markets

Key Financials		1.1.–31.3.2007	1.1.–31.3.2006
Operating performance			
Operating revenues	in € million	19	7
Net interest income	in € million	9	3
Net commission income	in € million	—	—
Net trading income	in € million	9	4
Net income from investments	in € million	1	—
Balance of other operating income/expenses	in € million	—	—
Provisions for losses on loans and advances	in € million	—	—
General administrative expenses	in € million	6	4
Balance of other income/expenses	in € million	—	—
Net income/loss before taxes	in € million	13	3
Key indicator		31.3.2007	31.12.2006
Risk assets compliant with BIS rules	in € billion	1.6	0.9

The capital markets platform comprises structuring and securitisation, financial services as well as trading & investment. With net income before taxes of € 13 million in the first quarter of 2007, the figure was higher than the previous year quarter (€ 3 million). Operating revenues increased by € 12 million compared with the corresponding previous year period, to € 19 million (Q1 2006: € 7 million). This increase is mainly attributable to net trading income of € 9 million (Q1 2006: € 4 million) and net interest income also of € 9 million (Q1 2006: € 3 million). Net trading income benefited from the increased volume of trading and the positive market performance. The process of setting up securitisation business had a positive impact on net interest income. Due to the expansion of overall business, general administrative expenses increased by € 2 million to € 6 million (Q1 2006: € 4 million).

Asset Finance & Asset Management – Asset Management

Key Financials		1.1.–31.3.2007	1.1.–31.3.2006
Operating performance			
Operating revenues	in € million	11	6
Net interest income	in € million	2	2
Net commission income	in € million	6	2
Net trading income	in € million	4	2
Net income from investments	in € million	-1	—
Balance of other operating income/expenses	in € million	—	—
Provisions for losses on loans and advances	in € million	—	—
General administrative expenses	in € million	5	4
Balance of other income/expenses	in € million	—	—
Net income/loss before taxes	in € million	6	2
Key indicators		31.3.2007	31.12.2006
Risk assets compliant with BIS rules	in € billion	1.4	0.9
Assets under management/administration	in € billion	31.5	31.7

The asset management platform combines asset management, the guaranteed investment contracts (GICs) as well as advisory, management and structuring of securitisation instruments. Net income before taxes of € 6 million has increased appreciably compared with the corresponding previous year period (Q1 2006: € 2 million). Operating revenues of € 11 million (Q1 2006: € 6 million) reached an impressive level in the first quarter of 2007. As was the case in the previous year, net interest income was € 2 million. Net commission income increased by € 4 million to € 6 million (Q1 2006: € 2 million). This mainly reflects the significant increase in the volume of assets under management. Net trading income doubled to € 4 million (Q1 2006: € 2 million), resulting mainly from business with guaranteed investment contracts. General administrative expenses of € 5 million were slightly higher than the figure for the corresponding previous year period (€ 4 million).

Asset Finance & Asset Management – Asset Finance

Key Financials		1.1.–31.3.2007	1.1.–31.3.2006
Operating performance			
Operating revenues	in € million	5	—
Net interest income	in € million	4	—
Net commission income	in € million	1	—
Net trading income	in € million	—	—
Net income from investments	in € million	—	—
Balance of other operating income/expenses	in € million	—	—
Provisions for losses on loans and advances	in € million	1	—
General administrative expenses	in € million	2	—
Balance of other income/expenses	in € million	—	—
Net income/loss before taxes	in € million	2	—
Key indicators		31.3.2007	31.12.2006
Risk assets compliant with BIS rules	in € billion	1.9	1.6
Volume of infrastructure/asset-based finance	in € billion	2.0	1.9
		1.1.–31.3.2007	1.1.–31.3.2006
Volume of new business ¹⁾	in € billion	0.3	—

¹⁾ Infrastructure/asset-based finance

Asset-based finance business and infrastructure financing are combined in the asset finance platform. These financing forms have been distributed since mid 2006, and amounted to € 2.0 billion as of 31 March 2007. This successful start has also had a positive impact on the income statement: Net income before taxes amounted to € 2 million. Operating revenues comprise net interest income (€ 4 million) and net commission income (€ 1 million). General administrative expenses amounted to € 2 million in the first three months of 2007. A figure of € 1 million was allocated to provisions for losses on loans and advances; as expected, this item comprises portfolio-based allowances as a result of the growth in the portfolio.

Summary

The Hypo Real Estate Group has completed a very successful first quarter in 2007. The growth seen in previous years has been continued and targets have been met. The positive development in assets, financial position and results of operations was attributable to both segments. A particularly positive performance has been achieved by the Asset Finance & Asset Management segment, which is benefiting from asset management business, new financing forms, off-balance-sheet business and expanded trading activities, and underlines the successful diversification strategy.

Report on Related Party Transactions Events after 31 March 2007

Report on Related Party Transactions

Since 15 February 2007, Quadra Realty Trust, Inc., New York, has been listed on the New York stock exchange. The trust is administered by Hypo Real Estate Capital Corporation, the New York subsidiary of Hypo Real Estate Bank International. Within the framework of a sale of receivables, Hypo Real Estate Capital Corporation acquired 8,330,000 shares of the trust. Hypo Real Estate Capital Corporation generated a profit of € 2 million from the perspective of the Group as a result of the sale of the receivables. In addition, Hypo Real Estate

Capital Corporation also received 600,000 shares of the trust as a commission payment. Overall, Hypo Real Estate Capital Corporation holds a 34.72 % stake in the trust as of 31 March 2007. These shares are accounted for using the equity method.

With the exception of the transactions detailed above, no major transactions with related parties were carried out in the first quarter of 2007.

Events after 31 March 2007

Manuela Better was appointed as member of the Management Board of Hypo Real Estate Bank International AG, Stuttgart, with effect from 1 April 2007. She had stepped down from the Management Board of Hypo Real Estate Bank AG, Munich, on 31 March 2007.

With the above exception, no reportable events took place after 31 March 2007.

Risk-Oriented Group Management

Introduction and overview

The implementation of the divisional steering concept supports the already practised central responsibility of the Group-wide system, consisting of risk identification, measurement, limitation, controlling and management at the organisational level. The following risk report contains the main changes compared with the risk report in the annual report for 2006; among other requirements, these changes have to be disclosed in accordance with the Transparency Implementation Act, which was adopted on 20 January 2007.

Organisation, responsibilities and duties

Organisation The organisation of the risk management system is based on a matrix structure. Group-wide functional responsibility is handled by the units in the Holding to which the supporting local units of the bank report, in addition to their local reporting lines. Central committees are responsible for preparing decisions relating to risk strategy for the Holding Management Board and for adopting issues relevant for implementation, e.g. limits and methods. In the Holding and in the bank subsidiaries, all departments involved in the risk steering are reporting to the respective Chief Risk Officer.

Responsibilities and duties In addition to the business committees, responsible for new business steering which meet on bank level, the functional committees which are in charge of a uniform and integrated groupwide risk management have been consolidated on Group level. The committees meet on a regular basis, adopt decisions relating to the introduction of uniform methods, principles and policies for the Group and prepare fundamental decisions regarding a risk strategy for the Holding Management Board. The committees also have the following specific duties:

- Risk Management Committee (RMC): Monitoring and steering the risk profile of the Group in line with the risk strategy, under the leadership of the Group Chief Risk Officer.

- Group-Asset-Liability-Committee (ALCO): Optimisation of asset/liability management for the Group; adoption of resolutions concerning limit allocation for market and liquidity risks for the Group under the leadership of the member of the Group Management Board responsible for Capital Markets and Asset Liability Management.

Group risk position and risk bearing capability

As a basis for business and risk steering, the business and risk strategy of the Group was adapted to divisional steering in the first quarter of 2007 and adopted in the Management Board of the Holding.

Within the scope of the quarterly Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP), where the banks' risk bearing capability is analysed by aggregating all material risks to the Group risk position and compared with the risk cover funds, an analysis of the planning period 2007/2008 was carried out in the first quarter of 2007. The results, which were discussed and adopted in the Risk Management Committee, continue to show a comfortable risk buffer for the Group, even under the assessed stress scenarios.

Risk measurement, control and management of material risk categories in the Hypo Real Estate Group

Credit risk The credit portfolio of Hypo Real Estate Group declined slightly in the first quarter of 2007 from € 133.5 billion to € 132.2 billion. Real estate financing business accounts for € 72.6 billion of this figure, and has thus remained virtually constant compared with the end of 2006. The regional breakdown has not changed at all compared with 31. December 2006, and there has only been a minor change in the breakdown according to object-specific considerations.

In the autumn of 2006, Hypo Real Estate Group submitted an application to the bank supervisory authorities, requesting approval for using the internal methods and processes for credit risk steering in accordance with the so-called Advanced Internal Rating Based Approach as of January 2008. The supervisory review process necessary for approval commenced in March 2007.

Market risk and liquidity risk The aim of the market risk strategy of Hypo Real Estate Group is to ensure that the market risks associated with refinancing lending business are managed as efficiently as possible. The main component of market risks in the Hypo Real Estate Group are interest rate risks. For calculation, the lending business, own issues, security investments and liquidity investments, derivative transactions and the trading book positions in Dublin as well as the scheduling functions for own funds, allowances and exceptional repayments are taken into account. The ten-day VaR, with a confidence level of 99% for the general interest risk, which is calculated on a daily basis throughout the Group, remains at the same low level as 2006, with an average of € 28 million for the first quarter (maximum € 43 million, minimum € 15 million). Regular backtesting confirms the statistical assumptions of the risk measurement model. The methods involved in the stress tests which are carried out monthly were improved and enhanced in the first quarter of 2007.

In accordance with the liquidity risk strategy of Hypo Real Estate Group, the overriding aim is to ensure that every individual bank in the Group is solvent at all times. This aim is monitored daily by a short-term and medium-term liquidity preview.

Operational risk Operational risk is an unavoidable consequence of the Group's daily operations. In order to support the early identification, analysis and definition of risk mitigation measures for operational risk, the basis of operational risk management was extended by the IT-based Risk Self Assessment (RSA), which was carried out throughout the Group for the first time. In the current internal and external climate, this has provided an overview of the potential risk scenarios and the impact of these scenarios on the Group.

The results which were presented to the Risk Management Committee do not indicate at present that there are any potentially significant operational risks.

In order to limit "model risks", which arise generally as a result of using simple models to represent complex product structures, the unit "Model Validation", set up in 2006, is now an efficient partner of the newly shaped "new product process" in the banks. Methodological support with model developments as well as the validation of models for credit- and counterparty risk measurement has been another focus of the unit.

Strategic and other risks In addition to diversification of revenue flows, the purposes of consolidating the internal processes and functions by implementing the matrix organisation across the legal units is also to limit the strategic risk. A lean and uniform organisational structure is thus able to respond more rapidly and more efficiently to changes as they occur, for instance in the competitive environment.

The data protection stipulations valid throughout the Group as well as the code of conduct were revised in the first quarter of 2007 to actively limit reputation risks.

Summary and outlook

The risk management and steering units in the Holding have central responsibility for the entire Hypo Real Estate Group; this means that the consistent Group-wide risk management and steering system will support the process of optimising the risk/return ratio as a major component of overall bank steering in an even more efficient manner.

The second quarter of 2007 will focus on a successful completion of the supervisory review process which was commenced in March 2007 in order to obtain approval of the IRBA approach for credit risk measurement in accordance with Basel II.

Macro-economic conditions

All the signs are still pointing to growth for Germany and for Europe. The forecast for the whole of 2007 for Germany has been considerably upgraded – to approx. 2.5 % at present. In particular, the increase in employment should also form a sound basis for growth in private consumption. However, there is already evidence of shortages of specialists on the labour market, and this might have the effect of retarding growth. On the other hand, the short-term prospects in the USA are somewhat muted. This is in line with market expectations that the European Central Bank, unlike the Federal Reserve system, will raise short-term rates in the near future.

Sector-specific conditions

Commercial Real Estate Innovations such as Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs), which are being introduced in Great Britain and Germany, will increase the possibility of generating capital and this will result in additional liquidity on the market. Nevertheless, debt finance will continue to be very important because such investors also fund a certain percentage of their operations by debt, and overall this should ensure that demand remains stable.

Asset Finance & Asset Management The fierce debate concerning climate protection will boost demand for renewable energies. This will also result in stronger demand for financing for such projects. Collaboration with experienced investors with sustainable projects indicate that strong growth can be achieved in future. In Asset Management, new products such as European Commercial Real Estate Collateralised Debt Obligations will be launched on the market. Market research has already identified strong demand for these managed securitisations, which are based on subordinate real estate loans and a securitised bond. This is likely to result in further demand for asset managers specialising in the asset management of securitised receivables.

Company-specific conditions

The forecasts relating to the future development of the Hypo Real Estate Group are estimates which have been made on the basis of all information available at present. If the assumptions underlying the forecasts fail to materialise, or if risks – as detailed in the risk report – occur to an extent which has not been calculated, the actual results may differ from the currently expected results.

The development in net income in the first quarter of the current financial year has fully confirmed the expectations of the Management Board. The forecast report in the annual report 2006 contains more information about the opportunities and risks. The Management Board of Hypo Real Estate Holding AG is thus still forecasting consolidated net income before taxes of at least € 680 million for the full year. New business will have a positive impact in this respect; at year end, it is expected that new business will have reached the level of the very successful previous year. A figure of between 11 % and 12 % is still being assumed for return on equity after taxes at the end of the year.

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Income/expenses		1.1.– 31.3.2007	1.1.– 31.3.2006	Change in € million	Change in %
in € million	Notes - Page				
Interest income		1,831	1,683	148	8.8
Interest expenses		1,614	1,486	128	8.6
Net interest income	9 - 42	217	197	20	10.2
Provisions for losses on loans and advances	10 - 42	34	43	-9	-20.9
Net interest income after provisions for losses on loans and advances		183	154	29	18.8
Commission income		50	45	5	11.1
Commission expenses		8	11	-3	-27.3
Net commission income	11 - 42	42	34	8	23.5
Net trading income	12 - 42	15	11	4	36.4
Net income from investments	13 - 43	19	20	-1	-5.0
General administrative expenses	14 - 43	89	80	9	11.3
Balance of other operating income/expenses	15 - 43	2	2	—	—
Operating profit/loss		172	141	31	22.0
Balance of other income/expenses		—	—	—	—
Net income/loss before taxes		172	141	31	22.0
Taxes on income	17 - 43	65	51	14	27.5
thereof:					
Deferred taxes on capitalised losses carried forward		23	14	9	64.3
Net income/loss		107	90	17	18.9
attributable to:					
Equity holders (consolidated profit)		107	90	17	18.9
Minority interest		—	—	—	—
		107	90	17	18.9

Earnings per share		1.1.– 31.3.2007	1.1.– 31.3.2006
in €	Notes - Page		
Earnings per share	18 - 43	0.80	0.67
Earnings per share ¹⁾	18 - 43	0.97	0.78

¹⁾ Excluding the effects from capitalised losses carried forward

Balance Sheet as of 31 March 2007

Assets					
in € million	Notes · Page	31.3.2007	31.12.2006	Change in € million	Change in %
Cash reserve		334	648	-314	-48.5
Assets held for trading purposes	19 · 44	13,644	11,630	2,014	17.3
Placements with, and loans and advances to, other banks	20 · 44	18,537	18,010	527	2.9
Loans and advances to customers	21 · 44	79,711	81,602	-1,891	-2.3
Allowances for losses on loans and advances	23 · 45	-964	-940	-24	-2.6
Investments	24 · 45	43,750	41,287	2,463	6.0
Intangible assets		68	69	-1	-1.4
Property, plant and equipment		73	46	27	58.7
Other assets	25 · 45	6,053	5,682	371	6.5
Income tax assets	26 · 45	3,634	3,559	75	2.1
Total assets		164,840	161,593	3,247	2.0

Equity and liabilities					
in € million	Notes · Page	31.3.2007	31.12.2006	Change in € million	Change in %
Deposits from other banks	27 · 46	24,276	24,609	-333	-1.4
Amounts owed to other depositors	28 · 46	13,225	12,225	1,000	8.2
Promissory notes and other liabilities evidenced by securities	29 · 46	104,641	102,511	2,130	2.1
Liabilities held for trading purposes	30 · 46	6,252	5,745	507	8.8
Provisions	31 · 46	59	55	4	7.3
Other liabilities	32 · 46	8,346	8,551	-205	-2.4
Income tax liabilities	33 · 46	2,309	2,190	119	5.4
Subordinated capital	34 · 47	2,254	2,262	-8	-0.4
Liabilities		161,362	158,148	3,214	2.0
Equity attributable to equity holders		3,478	3,445	33	1.0
Subscribed capital		402	402	—	—
Additional paid-in capital		3,319	3,319	—	—
Retained earnings		954	641	313	48.8
Revaluation reserve		-1,507	-1,460	-47	-3.2
Afs reserve		-44	-44	—	—
Cash flow hedge reserve		-1,463	-1,416	-47	-3.3
Consolidated profit 2006		202	542	-340	-62.7
Consolidated profit 1.1.–31.3.2007		107	—	107	—
Profit carried forward from prior year		1	1	—	—
Minority interest in equity		—	—	—	—
Equity		3,478	3,445	33	1.0
Total equity and liabilities		164,840	161,593	3,247	2.0

Equity		
in € million	2007	2006
Balance at 1.1.	3,445	3,079
Subscribed capital	—	—
Additional paid-in capital	—	—
Retained earnings	313	109
Revaluation reserve	–47	–22
AfS reserve	—	–162
Cash flow hedge reserve	–47	140
Consolidated profit from previous year	–340	–111
Consolidated profit 1.1.–31.3.	107	90
Profit carried forward from prior year	—	—
Minority interest	—	—
Balance at 31.3.	3,478	3,145

The Management Board of Hypo Real Estate Holding AG will propose to the Annual General Meeting on 23 May 2007 that, out of the net income of € 386 million for 2006 of Hypo Real Estate Holding AG, € 201 million, or € 1.50 per share, should be paid out to the shareholders in the form of a dividend.

Cash Flow Statement		
in € million	2007	2006
Cash and cash equivalents at 1.1.	648	182
Cash flow from operating activities	2,321	183
Cash flow from investing activities	–2,628	–486
Cash flow from financing activities	8	212
Effects of exchange rate changes and non-cash valuation changes	–15	4
Cash and cash equivalents at 31.3.	334	95

1 Principles

Hypo Real Estate Bank Holding AG has prepared its interim financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2007 in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and in line with the EC Ordinance No. 1606/2002 of the European Parliament and Council of 19 July 2002. These financial statements are based on the IFRS rules which were translated into European law by the EU commission as part of the endorsement process, and are additionally based on the regulations of commercial law applicable in accordance with section 315 a (1) HGB. With the exception of IAS 39, all mandatory IFRS regulations have been completely recognised by the EU. Certain regulations of IAS 39 regarding fair value hedge accounting for a portfolio hedge of interest risks have not been recognised. The Hypo Real Estate Group does not use this type of hedge accounting, so that the financial statements are consistent with the entire IFRS as well as the IFRS as applicable in the EU.

The IFRS are standards and interpretations adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). They consist of the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), the International Accounting Standards (IAS) and the interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) or the former Standing Interpretations Committee (SIC).

These financial statements have also taken account of the German Accounting Standards (DRS), published by the Deutschen Rechnungslegungs Standards Committee (DRSC), if this does not contradict the IFRS.

Applied IFRS The Hypo Real Estate Group applies all mandatory standards. In addition, these consolidated financial statements follow the mandatory regulations of the Accounting Law Reform Act.

The accounting and valuation methods applied as of 31 March 2007 are the same as those applied in the consolidated financial statements for 2006. IFRS 7 (Financial Instruments: Disclosures) is mandatory for those financial years which commence on or after 1 January 2007. IFRS 7 governs the disclosure of financial instruments, and replaces IAS 30 fully and IAS 32 partially. The initial application has resulted in an extension to the disclosures in the notes.

2 Consolidation

Compared with the group of consolidated companies described in the consolidated financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2006, the group of consolidated companies of Hypo Real Estate Holding AG was extended to include the following companies as of 1 January 2007:

- IMMO Immobilien Management GmbH & Co. KG, Munich
- Ragnarök Vermögensverwaltung AG & Co. KG, Munich

Both companies are subsidiaries of Hypo Real Estate Bank AG, Munich. The business of both companies focuses on achieving optimum management of their real estate holdings. As a result of the initial consolidation, total assets increased by € 123 million and no goodwill has resulted.

Quadra Realty Trust, Inc., New York, was accounted for using the equity method starting 15 February 2007. Quadra Realty Trust, Inc. is a commercial real estate financing company which is qualified as a real estate investment trust (REIT) in accordance with US Income tax law, and is listed on the New York Stock Exchange. Hypo Real Estate Capital Corporation, New York, held a stake totalling 34.72 % in Quadra Realty Trust, Inc on 31 March 2007. Of this figure, 33.33 % resulted from the sale of receivables to Quadra Realty Trust, Inc., and the remaining shares resulted from the payment of a commission. Low goodwill resulted from the fact that the company was accounted for using the equity method. The carrying amount of the company accounted for using the equity method was € 93 million as of 31 March 2007. The shares of companies accounted for using the equity method is shown in net interest income.

On 3 January 2007, the subsidiary Hypo Real Estate Capital Ltd., London, was renamed Flint Nominees Limited, London.

Segment reporting

3 Notes to segment reporting by business segment (primary segmenting)

As a result of the re-organisation of the Group into the Group structure which has been applicable since the beginning of 2007 and which was described in the annual report for 2006, the Management Board of Hypo Real Estate Holding AG has defined new primary segments for the Group. These segments correspond to the future organisation structure of the Group, under which the Management Board manages the **Hypo Real Estate Group (HREG)** on the basis of a management information system.

Commercial Real Estate (CRE) This segment combines the International and German Real Estate financing businesses to form a Commercial Real Estate segment. It comprises the two predecessor segments Hypo Real Estate International and Hypo Real Estate Germany. In particular, it comprises the real estate financing business of the German, European, American and Asian units of the Group. The Commercial Real Estate segment comprises the contributions to earnings made by the following fully consolidated companies (excl. special purpose vehicles):

- Flint Nominees Limited, London (sub-group)
 - Hypo Property Investment (1992) Ltd., London
 - Hypo Property Investment Ltd., London
 - The Greater Manchester Property Enterprise Fund Ltd., London
 - Hypo Property Participation Ltd., London
 - Hypo Property Services Ltd., London
 - Hypo Real Estate Investment Banking Ltd., London
 - Zamara Investments Ltd., Gibraltar
- Hypo Real Estate Bank AG, Munich
- Hypo Real Estate Bank International AG, Stuttgart
- Hypo Real Estate Capital Corp., New York (sub-group)
 - Isar East 60th Street LLC, New York
 - Isar Gotham West 38th Street LLC, New York
 - Isar RP Member LLC, New York
 - Isar Two Columbus LLC, New York
 - Liffey 451 LLC, New York

- Hypo Real Estate Capital Hong Kong Corp. Ltd., Hong Kong
- Hypo Real Estate Capital India Corp. Private Ltd., Mumbai
- Hypo Real Estate Capital Japan Corp., Tokyo
- Hypo Real Estate Capital Singapore Corporation Private Ltd., Singapore
- Hypo Real Estate Transactions S.A.S., Paris
- IMMO Immobilien Management GmbH & Co. KG, Munich
- Ragnarök Vermögensverwaltung AG & Co. KG, Munich
- WH-Erste Grundstücks GmbH & Co. KG, Schönefeld (sub-group)
 - WH-Zweite Grundstücks GmbH & Co. KG, Schönefeld

The **Asset Finance & Asset Management (AF&AM)** corresponds to the former segment Hypo Public Finance Bank. This segment comprises capital markets, asset management and infrastructure and asset-based financing. The Asset Finance & Asset Management segment comprises the contributions to earnings made by the following fully consolidated companies (excl. special purpose vehicles):

- Collineo Asset Management GmbH, Dortmund
- Hypo Public Finance Bank, Dublin
- Hypo Public Finance USA Inc., New York (sub-group)
 - Collineo Asset Management USA Inc., New York
 - Hypo Capital Markets Inc., New York
- Hypo Pfandbrief Bank International S.A., Luxembourg

Transactions between segments are carried out on an arm's length basis. The **"Other/consolidation"** segment includes consolidation transactions as well as the contributions to earnings made by Hypo Real Estate Holding AG, Munich.

4 Income statement, broken down by business segment

Income/expenses			CRE	AF&AM	Other/ consolidation	HREG
in € million						
Net interest income	1.1.–31.3.2007		201	20	–4	217
	1.1.–31.3.2006		195	7	–5	197
Provisions for losses on loans and advances	1.1.–31.3.2007		33	1	–	34
	1.1.–31.3.2006		43	–	–	43
Net interest income after provisions for losses on loans and advances	1.1.–31.3.2007		168	19	–4	183
	1.1.–31.3.2006		152	7	–5	154
Net commission income	1.1.–31.3.2007		35	7	–	42
	1.1.–31.3.2006		32	2	–	34
Net trading income	1.1.–31.3.2007		–	15	–	15
	1.1.–31.3.2006		–	11	–	11
Net income from investments	1.1.–31.3.2007		16	3	–	19
	1.1.–31.3.2006		19	1	–	20
General administrative expenses	1.1.–31.3.2007		65	16	8	89
	1.1.–31.3.2006		62	11	7	80
Balance of other operating income/expenses	1.1.–31.3.2007		2	–	–	2
	1.1.–31.3.2006		1	–	1	2
Operating profit/loss	1.1.–31.3.2007		156	28	–12	172
	1.1.–31.3.2006		142	10	–11	141
Balance of other income/expenses	1.1.–31.3.2007		–	–	–	–
	1.1.–31.3.2006		–	–	–	–
Net income/loss before taxes	1.1.–31.3.2007		156	28	–12	172
	1.1.–31.3.2006		142	10	–11	141
Taxes on income ³⁾	1.1.–31.3.2007		36	6	–	42
	1.1.–31.3.2006		35	2	–	37
Net income/loss³⁾	1.1.–31.3.2007		120	22	–12	130
	1.1.–31.3.2006		107	8	–11	104

³⁾ Excluding the effects from capitalised losses carried forward totalling € 23 million in HREG (Q1 2006: € 14 million)

Commercial Real Estate Income/expenses			CRE Germany	CRE Europe	CRE America	CRE Asia	Other/ consolidation	CRE
in € million								
Net interest income	1.1.–31.3.2007		53	82	25	5	36	201
	1.1.–31.3.2006		43	68	28	4	52	195
Provisions for losses on loans and advances ³⁾	1.1.–31.3.2007		17	16	2	1	–3	33
	1.1.–31.3.2006		14	16	2	1	10	43
Net interest income after provisions for losses on loans and advances	1.1.–31.3.2007		36	66	23	4	39	168
	1.1.–31.3.2006		29	52	26	3	42	152
Net commission income	1.1.–31.3.2007		6	15	12	2	–	35
	1.1.–31.3.2006		2	15	9	1	5	32
Net trading income	1.1.–31.3.2007		–	–	–	–	–	–
	1.1.–31.3.2006		–	–	–	–	–	–
Net income from investments	1.1.–31.3.2007		–	–	–	–	16	16
	1.1.–31.3.2006		–	–	–	–	19	19
General administrative expenses	1.1.–31.3.2007		12	22	10	3	18	65
	1.1.–31.3.2006		11	20	9	3	19	62
Balance of other operating income/expenses	1.1.–31.3.2007		–	1	1	–	–	2
	1.1.–31.3.2006		–	1	–	–	–	1
Operating profit/loss	1.1.–31.3.2007		30	60	26	3	37	156
	1.1.–31.3.2006		20	48	26	1	47	142
Balance of other income/expenses	1.1.–31.3.2007		–	–	–	–	–	–
	1.1.–31.3.2006		–	–	–	–	–	–
Net income/loss before taxes	1.1.–31.3.2007		30	60	26	3	37	156
	1.1.–31.3.2006		20	48	26	1	47	142

³⁾ Platform: Expected loss

Asset Finance & Asset Management Income/expenses		Capital Markets	Asset Management	Asset Finance	Other/ consolidation	AF&AM
in € million						
Net interest income	1.1.–31.3.2007	9	2	4	5	20
	1.1.–31.3.2006	3	2	—	2	7
Provisions for losses on loans and advances	1.1.–31.3.2007	—	—	1	—	1
	1.1.–31.3.2006	—	—	—	—	—
Net interest income after provisions for losses on loans and advances	1.1.–31.3.2007	9	2	3	5	19
	1.1.–31.3.2006	3	2	—	2	7
Net commission income	1.1.–31.3.2007	—	6	1	—	7
	1.1.–31.3.2006	—	2	—	—	2
Net trading income	1.1.–31.3.2007	9	4	—	2	15
	1.1.–31.3.2006	4	2	—	5	11
Net income from investments	1.1.–31.3.2007	1	–1	—	3	3
	1.1.–31.3.2006	—	—	—	1	1
General administrative expenses	1.1.–31.3.2007	6	5	2	3	16
	1.1.–31.3.2006	4	4	—	3	11
Balance of other operating income/expenses	1.1.–31.3.2007	—	—	—	—	—
	1.1.–31.3.2006	—	—	—	—	—
Operating profit/loss	1.1.–31.3.2007	13	6	2	7	28
	1.1.–31.3.2006	3	2	—	5	10
Balance of other income/expenses	1.1.–31.3.2007	—	—	—	—	—
	1.1.–31.3.2006	—	—	—	—	—
Net income/loss before taxes	1.1.–31.3.2007	13	6	2	7	28
	1.1.–31.3.2006	3	2	—	5	10

5 Key ratios, broken down by business segment

Key ratios			CRE	AF&AM	HREG
in %					
Cost-income ratio (based on operating revenues)	1.1.–31.3.2007		25.6	35.6	30.2
	1.1.–31.12.2006		25.6	47.9	31.0
Return on equity after taxes ¹⁾	1.1.–31.3.2007		11.6	15.6	11.6
	1.1.–31.12.2006		10.8	9.7	9.9

¹⁾ Excluding the effects from capitalised losses carried forward and income of capitalised corporate income tax claims

6 Balance sheet figures, broken down by business segment

Assets und Liabilities			CRE	AF&AM	Other/ consolidation	HREG
in € million						
Total assets	31.3.2007	135,959	31,435	—	–2,554	164,840
	31.12.2006	135,204	28,404	—	–2,015	161,593
Total liabilities	31.3.2007	132,772	30,830	—	–2,240	161,362
	31.12.2006	132,060	27,824	—	–1,736	158,148

Volume of lending					
in € million		CRE	AF&AM	Other/ consolidation	HREG
Loans and advances to other banks	31.3.2007	10,759	1,332	-459	11,632
	31.12.2006	11,063	892	-460	11,495
Loans and advances to customers	31.3.2007	76,425	3,286	—	79,711
	31.12.2006	77,385	4,236	-19	81,602
Contingent liabilities	31.3.2007	1,198	74	—	1,272
	31.12.2006	1,658	73	—	1,731
Total	31.3.2007	88,382	4,692	-459	92,615
	31.12.2006	90,106	5,201	-479	94,828

7 Total allowances for losses on loans and advances, broken down by business segment

Total allowances for losses on loans and advances					
in € million		CRE	AF&AM		HREG
Total allowances for losses on loans and advances	31.3.2007	972	4		976
	31.12.2006	950	3		953

8 Key capital ratios [based on German Commercial Code (HGB)], broken down by business segment

Calculated in accordance with the Basel recommendation on equity, the equity funds based on approved annual financial statements, the risk-weighted assets and the market risk positions as of 31 March 2007 were as follows:

Equity funds ¹⁾					
in € million		CRE	AF&AM		HREG
Core capital	31.3.2007	4,232	375		4,651
	31.12.2006 ²⁾	4,124	364		4,632
Supplementary capital	31.3.2007	1,492	514		1,979
	31.12.2006 ²⁾	1,528	516		2,017
Equity capital	31.3.2007	5,724	889		6,630
	31.12.2006 ²⁾	5,652	880		6,649
Tier III capital	31.3.2007	—	—		—
	31.12.2006 ²⁾	—	—		—
Total	31.3.2007	5,724	889		6,630
	31.12.2006 ²⁾	5,652	880		6,649

¹⁾ Consolidated according to section 10 a German Banking Act (KWG)

²⁾ As per approved annual financial statements and after profit distribution

Risk-weighted assets					
in € billion		CRE	AF&AM		HREG
On-balance-sheet assets	31.3.2007	58.8	5.0		63.5
	31.12.2006	57.5	3.7		61.1
Off-balance-sheet assets	31.3.2007	4.9	0.5		5.4
	31.12.2006	4.6	0.4		5.1
Counterparty risks in the trading book	31.3.2007	—	0.4		0.4
	31.12.2006	—	0.2		0.2
Total	31.3.2007	63.7	5.9		69.3
	31.12.2006	62.1	4.3		66.4

Commercial Real Estate						
Risk-weighted assets						
in € billion		CRE Germany	CRE Europe	CRE America	CRE Asia	CRE
Risk-weighted assets	31.3.2007	17.8	25.5	4.6	1.6	63.7
	31.12.2006	15.7	26.6	4.8	1.4	62.1

Asset Finance & Asset Management						
Risk-weighted assets						
in € billion		Capital Markets	Asset Management	Asset Finance	AF&AM	
Risk-weighted assets	31.3.2007	1.6	1.4	1.9	5.9	
	31.12.2006	0.9	0.9	1.6	4.3	

Market risk positions					
in € million		CRE	AF&AM	HREG	
Currency risks	31.3.2007	74	1	75	
	31.12.2006	47	1	48	
Interest rate risks	31.3.2007	—	316	316	
	31.12.2006	—	330	330	
Risks from equity securities	31.3.2007	—	14	14	
	31.12.2006	—	8	8	
Total	31.3.2007	74	331	405	
	31.12.2006	47	339	386	

The resulting ratios as of 31 March 2007, based on approved financial statements, were thus as follows:

Capital ratios					
in %		CRE	AF&AM	HREG	
Core capital ratio	31.3.2007	6.6	6.3	6.7	
	31.12.2006 ¹⁾	6.7	8.4	7.0	
Equity capital ratio	31.3.2007	9.0	15.0	9.6	
	31.12.2006 ¹⁾	9.1	20.3	10.0	
Equity funds ratio	31.3.2007	8.9	8.8	8.9	
	31.12.2006 ¹⁾	9.0	10.3	9.3	

¹⁾ As per approved annual financial statements and after profit distribution

The capital ratios were calculated in accordance with the guidelines of the Bank for International Settlements (BIS) based in Basel. The BIS ratios have been calculated independently on a voluntary basis.

Notes to the income statement

9 Net interest income

Net interest income, broken down by categories of income/expenses in € million	1.1.– 31.3.2007	1.1.– 31.3.2006
Interest income	1,831	1,683
Lending and money-market business	1,397	1,351
Fixed-income securities and government-inscribed debt	434	331
Companies valued at equity	–	–
Other	–	1
Interest expenses	1,614	1,486
Deposits	359	424
Promissory notes and other liabilities evidenced by securities	1,038	829
Subordinated capital	32	31
Current result from swap transactions (balance of interest income and interest expenses)	182	202
Result from hedge accounting	3	–
Result from hedging instruments	47	83
Result from hedged items	–44	–83
Total	217	197

Interest margins	31.3.2007	31.3.2006
in € million		
Average risk assets according to BIS	67,300	56,909
based on average risk assets according to BIS¹⁾ (in %)	1.29	1.38
Average volume of business	162,675	151,964
based on average volume of business²⁾ (in %)	0.53	0.52

¹⁾ Net interest income/average risk assets according to BIS

²⁾ Net interest income/average volume of business

Interest income attributable to dFVTPL financial assets amounted to € 38 million (Q1 2006: € 27 million). Interest income of € 1,793 million (Q1 2006: € 1,656 million) was generated with the other assets. Because liabilities were not designated in the category dFVTPL, the entire interest expense was attributable to financial liabilities which were shown at amortised cost of purchase.

Net interest includes income of € 6 million (Q1 2006: € 7 million) attributable to the time-related increase in the present value of impaired receivables.

10 Provisions for losses on loans and advances

Provisions for losses on loans and advances in € million	1.1.– 31.3.2007	1.1.– 31.3.2006
Additions	40	46
Allowances for losses on loans and advances	40	46
Loan-loss provisions	–	–
Releases	–5	–3
Allowances for losses on loans and advances	–5	–3
Loan-loss provisions	–	–
Recoveries from write-offs of loans and advances	–1	–
Total	34	43

11 Net commission income

Net commission income in € million	1.1.– 31.3.2007	1.1.– 31.3.2006
Securities and custodial services	–1	–1
Lending operations and other service operations	43	35
Total	42	34

Net commission income is attributable exclusively to financial assets and financial liabilities which are not designated at fair value through profit and loss. Asset management accounted for commission income of € 6 million (2005: € 2 million) and did not account for any commission expenses in the current year nor in the equivalent previous year period.

12 Net trading income

Net trading income in € million	1.1.– 31.3.2007	1.1.– 31.3.2006
from other equity instruments and related derivatives	2	4
from interest rate instruments and related derivatives	5	3
from credit risk instruments and related derivatives	8	4
Total	15	11

13 Net income from investments

Net income from investments	1.1.– 31.3.2007	1.1.– 31.3.2006
in € million		
Income from investments	22	25
Expenses from investments	3	5
Total	19	20

Broken down according to valuation categories, net income from investments is as follows:

Net income from investments by IAS 39 categories	1.1.– 31.3.2007	1.1.– 31.3.2006
in € million		
Held-to-maturity investments	11	—
Available-for-sale investments	1	16
dFVtPL investments	–16	–30
Derivatives related to dFVtPL investments	20	33
Result from hedge accounting	3	1
Result from hedging instruments	79	133
Result from hedged items	–76	–132
Result from investment properties	—	—
Total	19	20

14 General administrative expenses

General administrative expenses	1.1.– 31.3.2007	1.1.– 31.3.2006
in € million		
Personnel expenses	57	49
Wages and salaries	49	42
Social security costs	6	5
Pension expenses and related employee benefit costs	2	2
Other general administrative expenses	28	27
Depreciation/amortisation	4	4
on software and other intangible assets excluding goodwill	3	3
on property, plant and equipment	1	1
Total	89	80

Cost-income ratio	1.1.– 31.3.2007	1.1.– 31.12.2006
in %		
Cost-income ratio (based on operating revenues)	30.2	31.0

15 Balance of other operating income/expenses

Balance of other operating income/expenses	1.1.– 31.3.2007	1.1.– 31.3.2006
in € million		
Other operating income	5	4
Other operating expenses	3	2
Balance of other operating income/expenses	2	2

16 Operating revenues

Operating revenues	1.1.– 31.3.2007	1.1.– 31.3.2006
in € million		
Net interest income	217	197
Net commission income	42	34
Net trading income	15	11
Net income from investments	19	20
Balance of other operating income/expenses	2	2
Total	295	264

17 Taxes on income

Breakdown	1.1.– 31.3.2007	1.1.– 31.3.2006
in € million		
Current taxes	38	33
Deferred taxes	27	18
thereof: Deferred taxes on capitalised losses carried forward	23	14
Total	65	51

18 Earnings per share

Earnings per share	1.1.– 31.3.2007	1.1.– 31.3.2006
Consolidated profit/loss (in € million)	107	90
Average number of shares	134,072,175	134,072,175
Earnings per share (in €)	0.80	0.67

Excluding deferred taxes on capitalised losses carried forward, earnings per share are as follows:

Earnings per share	1.1.– 31.3.2007	1.1.– 31.3.2006
Consolidated profit/loss ¹⁾ (in € million)	130	104
Average number of shares	134,072,175	134,072,175
Earnings per share¹⁾ (in €)	0.97	0.78

¹⁾ Excluding the effects from capitalised losses carried forward

Because no conversion or option rights in respect of conditional capital were outstanding on the reference date for the financial statement, no calculation was made showing diluted earnings per share.

Notes to the balance sheet (Assets)

19 Assets held for trading purposes

Assets held for trading purposes	31.3.2007	31.12.2006
in € million		
Debt securities and other fixed-income securities	13,396	11,381
Equity securities and other variable-yield securities	66	66
Positive fair values from derivative financial instruments	182	183
Total	13,644	11,630

20 Placements with, and loans and advances to, other banks

Placements with, and loans and advances to, other banks, broken down by type of business	31.3.2007	31.12.2006
in € million		
Loans and advances	11,632	11,495
Public sector loans	10,241	10,455
Real estate loans	188	187
Other loans and advances	1,203	853
Investments	6,905	6,515
Total	18,537	18,010

Placements with, and loans and advances to, other banks, broken down by maturities	31.3.2007	31.12.2006
in € million		
Repayable on demand	4,220	2,688
With agreed maturities	14,317	15,322
up to 3 months	3,713	4,967
from 3 months to 1 year	2,859	2,196
from 1 year to 5 years	6,020	6,422
from 5 years and over	1,725	1,737
Total	18,537	18,010

21 Loans and advances to customers

Loans and advances to customers, broken down by type of business	31.3.2007	31.12.2006
in € million		
Loans and advances	79,711	81,602
Public sector loans	14,634	16,470
Real estate loans	62,830	63,793
Other loans and advances	2,247	1,339
Investments	—	—
Total	79,711	81,602

Loans and advances to customers, broken down by maturities	31.3.2007	31.12.2006
in € million		
Unspecified terms	611	714
With agreed maturities	79,100	80,888
up to 3 months	4,152	4,255
from 3 months to 1 year	7,605	7,229
from 1 year to 5 years	26,671	26,970
from 5 years and over	40,672	42,434
Total	79,711	81,602

Lendings to customers include dFVTPL-assets of € 431 million. The maximum credit risk of these receivables is not reduced by credit derivatives or similar instruments. The dFVTPL-receivables were shown for the first time in the first quarter of 2007. There was no significant change in the credit risk of these receivables during this period.

22 Volume of lending

Volume of lending	31.3.2007	31.12.2006
in € million		
Loans and advances to other banks	11,632	11,495
Loans and advances to customers	79,711	81,602
Contingent liabilities	1,272	1,731
Total	92,615	94,828

23 Allowances for losses on loans and advances

Development			
in € million	Individual allowances	Portfolio-based allowances	Total
Balance at 1.1.2006	673	216	889
Changes affecting income	81	46	127
Gross additions	184	51	235
Releases	-73	-5	-78
Increase of the present value due to passage of time (unwinding)	-30	—	-30
Changes not affecting income	-26	-50	-76
Use of existing loan-loss allowances	-149	-23	-172
Effects of currency translations and other changes not affecting income	123	-27	96
Balance at 31.12.2006	728	212	940
Balance at 1.1.2007	728	212	940
Changes affecting income	12	17	29
Gross additions	23	17	40
Releases	-5	—	-5
Increase of the present value due to passage of time (unwinding)	-6	—	-6
Changes not affecting income	-5	—	-5
Use of existing loan-loss allowances	-11	—	-11
Effects of currency translations and other changes not affecting income	6	—	6
Balance at 31.3.2007	735	229	964

24 Investments

Breakdown		
in € million	31.3.2007	31.12.2006
HtM investments	7,634	7,924
Debt securities and other fixed-income securities	7,634	7,924
AfS investments	31,916	29,581
Shares in non-consolidated subsidiaries	58	60
Participating interests	141	127
Debt securities and other fixed-income securities	31,711	29,388
Equity securities and other variable-yield securities	6	6
dFVTPL investments	4,081	3,782
Debt securities and other fixed-income securities	4,081	3,782
Companies valued at equity	93	—
Investment properties	26	—
Total	43,750	41,287

25 Other assets

Other assets		
in € million	31.3.2007	31.12.2006
Positive fair values from derivative financial instruments	5,574	5,221
Other assets	404	388
Deferred charges and prepaid expenses	18	16
Capitalised excess cover of qualified insurance for pension provisions	57	57
Total	6,053	5,682

26 Income tax assets

Income tax assets		
in € million	31.3.2007	31.12.2006
Current tax assets	117	121
Deferred tax assets	3,517	3,438
Total	3,634	3,559

Notes to the balance sheet (Equity and Liabilities)

27 Deposits from other banks

Deposits from other banks by maturities		
in € million	31.3.2007	31.12.2006
Repayable on demand	889	193
With agreed maturities	23,387	24,416
Total	24,276	24,609

28 Amounts owed to other depositors

Amounts owed to other depositors by maturities		
in € million	31.3.2007	31.12.2006
Repayable on demand	317	284
With agreed maturities	12,908	11,941
Total	13,225	12,225

29 Promissory notes and other liabilities evidenced by securities

Promissory notes and other liabilities evidenced by securities, broken down by maturities		
in € million	31.3.2007	31.12.2006
With agreed maturities		
up to 3 months	11,040	12,239
from 3 months to 1 year	19,554	14,740
from 1 year to 5 years	46,548	45,766
from 5 years and over	27,499	29,766
Total	104,641	102,511

30 Liabilities held for trading purposes

Liabilities held for trading purposes		
in € million	31.3.2007	31.12.2006
Negative fair values from derivative financial instruments	204	211
Equity-related transactions	—	58
Interest-/ and foreign-currency-based transactions	160	106
Credit-related transactions	43	46
Others	1	1
Other trading liabilities	6,048	5,534
Total	6,252	5,745

31 Provisions

Breakdown		
in € million	31.3.2007	31.12.2006
Restructuring provisions	20	20
Loan-loss provisions	12	13
Other provisions	27	22
thereof:		
Long-term liabilities to employees	7	7
Total	59	55

With effect from 1 January 2005, the Hypo Real Estate Group protected itself against the main risk arising from the defined benefit pension commitments by taking out a “Qualified Insurance Policy” in accordance with IAS 19. The qualified insurance policy constitutes plan assets in accordance with IAS 19. In accordance with IAS 19.54, the pension provisions have to be reduced by the extent of the plan assets.

32 Other liabilities

Other liabilities		
in € million	31.3.2007	31.12.2006
Negative fair values from derivative financial instruments	7,683	7,989
Other liabilities	553	446
Deferred income	110	116
Total	8,346	8,551

33 Income tax liabilities

Income tax liabilities		
in € million	31.3.2007	31.12.2006
Current tax liabilities	105	80
Deferred tax liabilities	2,204	2,110
Total	2,309	2,190

34 Subordinated capital

Breakdown		
in € million	31.3.2007	31.12.2006
Subordinated liabilities	1,695	1,703
Participating certificates outstanding	559	559
Total	2,254	2,262

35 Treasury stock

Neither Hypo Real Estate Holding AG nor any companies dependent on it or in which it owns a majority stake hold shares (treasury shares) of Hypo Real Estate Holding AG. There was no trading in treasury shares in the first quarter of 2007.

Other Notes**36 Balance sheet in categories of financial assets and financial liabilities**

Assets		
in € million	31.3.2007	31.12.2006
Held for trading assets	13,644	11,630
dFVtPL assets	4,512	3,782
HtM assets	7,634	7,924
Loans and receivables	96,853	98,672
AfS assets	32,249	30,229
Hedging derivatives	5,574	5,221
Non financial assets	4,374	4,135
Total assets	164,840	161,593

Liabilities		
in € million	31.3.2007	31.12.2006
Held for trading liabilities	6,252	5,745
dFVtPL liabilities	—	—
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	144,848	141,898
Hedging derivatives	7,683	7,989
Non financial liabilities	6,057	5,961
Total liabilities	164,840	161,593

37 Contingent liabilities and other commitments

Contingent liabilities and other commitments		
in € million	31.3.2007	31.12.2006
Contingent liabilities¹⁾	1,272	1,731
Guarantees and indemnity agreements	1,272	1,731
Loan guarantees	132	368
Performance guarantees and indemnities	1,098	1,314
Documentary credits	42	49
Other commitments	10,117	11,216
Irrevocable loan commitments	10,082	11,178
Book credits	1,058	1,054
Guarantees	252	192
Mortgage and public sector loans	8,772	9,932
Other commitments	35	38
Total	11,389	12,947

¹⁾ In principle, the amount of contingent liabilities equates to the amount of contingent claims

38 Summary of quarterly financial data

Hypo Real Estate Group		1st Quarter 2006	2nd Quarter 2006	3rd Quarter 2006	4th Quarter 2006	1st Quarter 2007
Operating performance						
Operating revenues	in € million	264	266	270	282	295
Net interest income	in € million	197	198	208	208	217
Net commission income	in € million	34	35	33	43	42
Net trading income	in € million	11	6	14	7	15
Net income from investments	in € million	20	26	14	26	19
Balance of other operating income/expenses	in € million	2	1	1	-2	2
Provisions for losses on loans and advances	in € million	43	44	36	36	34
General administrative expenses	in € million	80	79	86	90	89
Balance of other income/expenses (excluding restructuring expenses)	in € million	—	—	—	—	—
Net income/loss before taxes (excluding restructuring expenses)	in € million	141	143	148	156	172
Restructuring expenses	in € million	—	—	—	17	—
Net income/loss before taxes	in € million	141	143	148	139	172
Net income/loss ¹⁾	in € million	104	105	109	111	130
Key indicators						
Total volume of lending	in € billion	91.7	91.4	93.9	94.8	92.6
Risk assets compliant with BIS rules	in € billion	58.1	59.8	64.8	66.4	69.3
Core capital ratio compliant with BIS rules	in %	7.6	7.4	6.9	7.0 ²⁾	6.7
Volume of new business ³⁾	in € billion	5.2	6.6	6.5	10.2	6.5
Employees		1,176	1,172	1,206	1,229	1,234

¹⁾ Excluding the effects from capitalised losses carried forward and income of capitalised corporate income tax claims

²⁾ As per approved annual financial statements and after profit distribution

³⁾ Real estate financing business and infrastructure/asset-based finance excluding off-balance-sheet-business

Commercial Real Estate		1st Quarter 2006	2nd Quarter 2006	3rd Quarter 2006	4th Quarter 2006	1st Quarter 2007
Operating performance						
Operating revenues	in € million	247	242	250	267	254
Net interest income	in € million	195	194	205	201	201
Net commission income	in € million	32	27	29	39	35
Net trading income	in € million	—	—	—	—	—
Net income from investments	in € million	19	22	14	26	16
Balance of other operating income/expenses	in € million	1	-1	2	1	2
Provisions for losses on loans and advances	in € million	43	43	36	34	33
General administrative expenses	in € million	62	60	66	70	65
Balance of other income/expenses	in € million	—	—	—	—	—
Net income/loss before taxes	in € million	142	139	148	163	156
Net income/loss ¹⁾	in € million	107	105	111	138	120
Key indicators						
Total volume of lending	in € billion	89.3	89.1	91.4	90.1	88.4
Risk assets compliant with BIS rules	in € billion	56.1	57.4	61.5	62.1	63.7
Core capital ratio compliant with BIS rules	in %	7.6	7.4	6.9	6.7 ²⁾	6.6
Volume of new business ³⁾	in € billion	5.2	6.2	6.1	9.1	6.2
Employees		938	941	974	980	966

¹⁾ Excluding the effects from capitalised losses carried forward and income of capitalised corporate income tax claims

²⁾ As per approved annual financial statements

³⁾ Real estate financing business excluding off-balance-sheet-business

Asset Finance & Asset Management		1st Quarter 2006	2nd Quarter 2006	3rd Quarter 2006	4th Quarter 2006	1st Quarter 2007
Operating performance						
Operating revenues	in € million	21	26	25	24	45
Net interest income	in € million	7	7	7	13	20
Net commission income	in € million	2	8	4	4	7
Net trading income	in € million	11	6	14	7	15
Net income from investments	in € million	1	4	—	—	3
Balance of other operating income/expenses	in € million	—	1	—	—	—
Provisions for losses on loans and advances	in € million	—	1	—	2	1
General administrative expenses	in € million	11	11	13	11	16
Balance of other income/expenses	in € million	—	—	—	—	—
Net income/loss before taxes	in € million	10	14	12	11	28
Net income/loss	in € million	8	10	10	8	22
Key indicators						
Total volume of lending	in € billion	2.5	2.5	2.8	5.2	4.7
Risk assets compliant with BIS rules	in € billion	2.1	2.4	3.2	4.3	5.9
Core capital ratio compliant with BIS rules	in %	14.7	13.6	10.6	8.4 ¹⁾	6.3
Volume of new business ²⁾	in € billion	—	0.4	0.4	1.1	0.3
Employees		170	161	158	167	180

¹⁾ As per approved annual financial statements

²⁾ Infrastructure/asset-based finance

Munich, 8 May 2007

Hypo Real Estate Holding Aktiengesellschaft
The Management Board

Georg Funke
(CEO)

Stephan Bub

Dr. Paul Eisele

Dr. Markus Fell

Thomas Glynn
(Deputy Member)

Dr. Robert Grassinger
(Deputy Member)

Frank Lamby

Bettina von Oesterreich
(Deputy Member)

We have reviewed the condensed interim consolidated financial statements comprising the condensed balance sheet at 31 March 2007, the condensed income statement, the condensed cash flow statement, and the condensed statement of changes in equity as well as the selected explanatory notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements and the interim management report of Hypo Real Estate Holding AG, Munich for the period from 1 January to 31 March 2007, which are parts of the quarterly financial reports in accordance with § 37x Abs. 3 of the WpHG [“Wertpapierhandelsgesetz”: “German Securities Trading Act”]. The preparation of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with IAS 34, “Interim Financial Reporting”, as adopted by the EU, and of the interim management report, which has been prepared according to the applicable regulations of the German Securities Trading Act, are the responsibility of the Company’s management. Our responsibility is to issue a report on these condensed interim consolidated financial statements based on our review.

We have performed our review in accordance with the German generally accepted standards for the review of financial statements promulgated by the Institut der Wirtschaftsprüfer (IDW). Those standards require that we plan and conduct the review so that we can, through critical evaluation, preclude, with a certain level of assurance, that the interim consolidated financial statements have not been prepared, in material aspects, in accordance with IAS 34 “Interim Financial Reporting”,

as adopted by the EU, and that the interim management report has not been prepared according to the applicable regulations of the German Securities Trading Act. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of company employees and analytical assessments and therefore does not provide the assurance attainable in a financial statement audit. Since, in accordance with our engagement, we have not performed a financial statement audit, we cannot issue an auditor’s report.

Based on our review, no matters have come to our attention that causes us to presume that the condensed interim consolidated financial statements have not been prepared in all material respects in accordance with IAS 34, “Interim Financial Reporting”, as adopted by the EU, and that the interim management report has not been prepared according to the applicable regulations of the German Securities Trading Act.

Munich, 9 May 2007

KPMG Deutsche Treuhand-Gesellschaft
Aktiengesellschaft
Wirtschaftsprüfungsgesellschaft

Techet
Wirtschaftsprüfer

Peter
Wirtschaftsprüfer

The Chairman of the Supervisory Board was notified by the Chairman of the Audit Committee of the Supervisory Board of the results of the committee meeting on 9 May 2007. In this meeting, the interim report for the period ended 31 March 2007 as well as the report of the auditor concerning the audit review were presented and explained by the Management Board. The business development, the earnings situation and the financial situation of the company were discussed. The Audit Committee has approved the interim report.

Munich, 9 May 2007

The Chairman of the Supervisory Board

Kurt F. Viermetz

Service Chapter

Financial Calendar

Financial Calendar 2007

10 May 2007

Publication of the results for the first quarter 2007

23 May 2007

Annual General Meeting

8 August 2007

Publication of the results for the second quarter 2007

7 November 2007

Publication of the results for the third quarter 2007

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www.hyporealestate.de

Future-oriented Statements

This report contains future-oriented statements in the form of intentions, assumptions, expectations or forecasts. These statements are based on the plans, estimates and predictions currently available to the management of Hypo Real Estate Holding AG. Future-oriented statements therefore only apply on the day on which they are made. We do not undertake any obligation to update such statements in light of new information or future events. By their nature, future-oriented statements contain risks and factors of uncertainty. A number of important factors can contribute to actual results deviating considerably from future-oriented statements. Such factors include the condition of the financial markets in Germany, Europe, Asia and the USA, the possible default of borrowers or counterparties of trading companies, the reliability of our principles, procedures and methods for risk management as well as other risks associated with our business activity.

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